

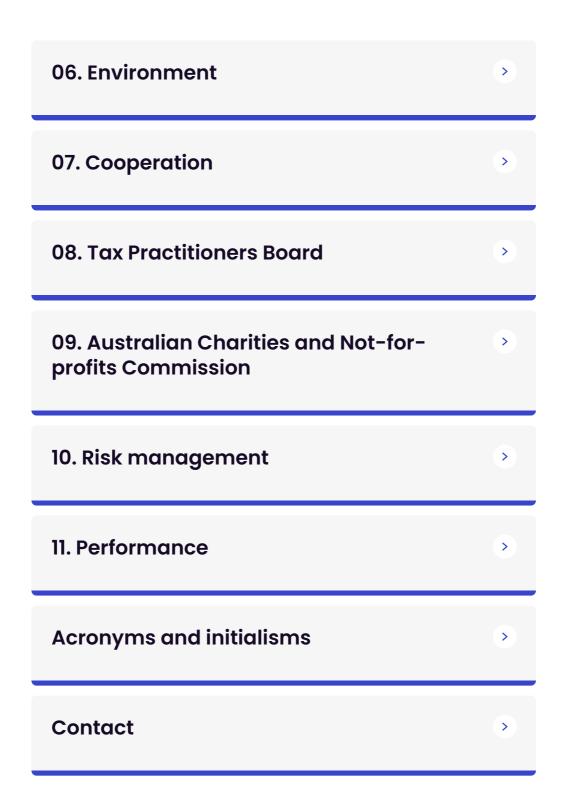
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ATO corporate plan 2023-24

The ATO corporate plan 2023–24, covering the period 2023–24 to 2026–27.

Last updated 27 July 2023

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Commissioner's foreword

Last updated 27 July 2023

'We are keeping pace in a time of change, while maintaining focus on our core business for the benefit of all Australians'

In recent years the world has changed significantly, and the ATO has adapted and evolved to support the community. I am proud of the way we have remained agile and delivered high quality service while continuing to collect the revenue that supports the economic and social wellbeing of Australians.

Our 2023–24 corporate plan is the final chapter of our Towards 2024 journey. It highlights 8 key focus areas strategically important for us this year, and another 15 priorities that align to our purpose of administering the tax, superannuation and registry systems.

We continue to expand our use of data to drive digitalisation this year, keeping pace with technology advances. As we continue to innovate, we are updating our data and digital infrastructure to ensure we meet client and community expectations. Our vision is that – where possible – through smart use of data and digitalisation, tax, superannuation and registry interactions just happen.

For small businesses, we will continue our digital-first approach that aims to minimise errors, save time, increase confidence, and promote reporting and payment at the right time.

We continue to take cybersecurity extremely seriously. We will further bolster our already robust systems to ensure we effectively monitor, detect, and respond to cyberthreats to protect our organisation and the significant data we hold.

We also take seriously our role protecting taxpayers from risks such as identity fraud and scams. In response to increasing fraud attempts, we are embedding fraud prevention methods into our systems, and rapidly increasing our detection capabilities. We will continue bringing to account those who do the wrong thing, and continue to educate Australians on being 'scam safe'.

In line with community expectations, we will ensure multinationals pay the right amount of tax and will take firm action against those seeking to game the system.

In 2023-24, we will also keep up our momentum to engage with taxpayers to ensure they meet their obligations where they have an outstanding debt with us. We will do this by exercising firmer debt collection actions when appropriate. This will also prevent those who don't pay from gaining an unfair financial advantage.

We will sharpen our focus on superannuation guarantee noncompliance by ensuring employers meet their obligations. This includes monitoring payments to ensure employees receive correct and timely superannuation entitlements and taking firm action with employers who deliberately fail to meet these important obligations.

Central to delivering on our strategic priorities is the expertise, capability, and integrity of our people. We understand that it is critical we position the ATO and our people for the future by providing them with the tools, training, and leadership required to thrive and succeed.

Reflecting on our journey over the past 10 years, I am incredibly proud of everything we have achieved. As we turn our minds to 2024 and beyond, I'm confident our strong foundations and shared goals will ensure we continue to be a world-leading tax, superannuation, and registry administrator.

Chris Jordan AO

Commissioner of Taxation and Registrar of the Australian Business Register and the Australian Business Registry Services

This ATO corporate plan 2023–24 has been prepared as required under paragraph 35(1)(b) of the Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013. It covers the period 2023–24 to 2026–27 and includes the plan of the Australian Business Registry Services (ABRS). Due to their operational independence, the Tax Practitioners Board (TPB) and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission (ACNC) have produced their own corporate plans.

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01. Overview

Last updated 27 July 2023

Purpose

The ATO's purpose is to contribute to the economic and social wellbeing of Australians by fostering willing participation in the tax, superannuation and registry systems.

Vision

We are a leading tax, superannuation and registry administration known for our contemporary service, expertise and integrity.

Strategic objectives

To achieve our aspirations, we have 8 strategic objectives grouped into 5 perspectives.

Government

- G1: We build community confidence by sustainably reducing the tax gap and providing assurance across the tax, superannuation and registry systems.
- G2: We design for better tax, superannuation and registry systems to make it easy to comply and hard not to.

Client

- C1: Our client experience and interactions are well designed, tailored, fair and transparent.
- C2: We work with and through others to deliver efficient and effective tax, superannuation and registry systems.

Workforce

 W1: We are a high-performing workforce with a focus on integrity, the right culture, capability and tools to deliver the best client and staff experience.

Operational

- O1: We use data, information and insights to deliver value for our clients and inform decision-making across everything we do.
- O2: Our technology and digital services deliver a reliable and contemporary client experience.

Financial

• F1: We strive for operational excellence to achieve efficiency and quality outcomes.

How the elements of our plan interrelate

A diagram showing how the elements of our plan interralate to one another. From performance measures measuring our key focus areas and core priorities which lead our strategic objectives and help us achieve the ATO's purpose and vision

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02. Key focus areas

Last updated 27 July 2023

Our key focus areas for 2023–24 are the strategically important areas where we must succeed in the year ahead. They focus on delivering committed priorities, driving tax performance and strengthening the integrity of the tax, superannuation and registry systems. Underpinning these focus areas are our continued advancements harnessing data and digitalisation to transform our business and to achieve our strategic objectives.

Improve small business tax performance

Improve small business tax performance with a digital-first approach. Encourage enhanced integration that supports high-quality, system generated tax guidance to minimise errors, increase confidence and promote right-time reporting and payment.

Key deliverables

- Develop a roadmap for the enhanced integration of tax and superannuation into the digital ecosystem for small business
- Prototype concepts to streamline the tax experience, in consultation and co-design with external stakeholders

Manage cybersecurity

Continue to strengthen our ability to govern, protect, detect and respond to cyberthreats to safeguard our organisation and our client

Key deliverables

- Identify and mitigate threats to our information and communications technology (ICT) ecosystem and educate our staff and clients on cybersafety practices
- Apply a defence-in-depth approach with multiple layers of security to fortify our organisation against cyberthreats and to safeguard our systems

Address collectable debt

Take decisive and swift action with those who are choosing not to engage and clients who purposefully avoid payment obligations. Recover high-value and aged debts and require timely payment of employer obligations that include or could lead to unpaid superannuation.

Key deliverables

- Apply differentiated strategies and targeted interventions to address collectable debt
- Optimise allocation of effort to strengthen debt prevention and recovery, including expedited stronger actions for clients with capacity to pay
- Improve client segmentation to better reflect predicted payment behaviours, with differentiated treatments designed to accelerate payment outcomes
- Set clear expectations and promote transparency of debt recovery approaches to clients and intermediaries, including potential firmer action consequences where clients do not engage

Protecting the system and clients against fraud

Strengthen system integrity by preventing, detecting and responding to evasion and fraud in the tax, superannuation and registry systems.

Key deliverables

- Take firm action on areas of suspected tax fraud, including intentional overclaiming of deductions and incorrect reporting of income
- Use data-driven insights and sophisticated risk modelling with new technology and approaches to identify and take action to prevent a loss of information and a loss to the revenue
- Address the risk of digitally enabled fraud at scale

Multinational tax performance

Continue to improve compliance and pursue new priority-tax-risk areas for multinational enterprises as well as public and private businesses and groups.

Key deliverables

- Address key risks to the corporate tax base and close tax loopholes so that the community has confidence that public and multinational businesses are paying the right amount of tax in Australia
- Support the integrity of the tax system by boosting tax transparency through better public reporting of large business tax information
- Positively influence the behaviours of advisors in the provision of tax advice and their interactions with the ATO
- Support large business through the timely provision of tailored advice and guidance, and other contemporary services

Modernising business registry services

Implement the Government's response to the Independent review of the Modernising Business Registers Program.

Key deliverable

 Implementation of the Government supported recommendations from the Independent review of the Modernising Business Registers Program

Superannuation guarantee integrity

Continue to expand our use of data to improve superannuation guarantee (SG) compliance by assisting employers to meet their obligations, monitoring that employees receive correct and timely superannuation entitlements and taking firm action with employers who fail to meet their obligations.

Key deliverables

- Continue work to create a transparent view of employees' SG for all funds and all employers in one place, to support the ATO to follow up employer non-compliance more proactively
- Improve nudges to support employers to self-correct SG issues and keep track with their obligations
- Continue to focus on employer and superannuation fund reporting timeliness, completeness and accuracy
- Include new measurements of superannuation guarantee charge raised, collected and distributed in the annual report

Continue to invest in data and digital

Continue to drive digitalisation and improve client and staff experiences to deliver more effective and efficient services.

Key deliverables

- Continue to implement the ATO Digital Strategy key initiatives to deliver trusted and effective digital services and ecosystems
- Continue to modernise our data and digital infrastructure to ensure we keep pace with changing client expectations and advancing technology
- Continue to mature our data governance and stewardship to ensure we maintain community trust in how we manage our data assets
- Uplift data and digital literacy across the ATO to enable staff to deliver contemporary services

03. Core priorities, performance measures and priority risks

Last updated 27 July 2023

The following pages set out our strategic objectives aligned to core priorities and performance measures. The activities we undertake within our core priorities and our management of risks ensure that we achieve our strategic objectives. Our performance measures help us to understand whether we are on-track and allow us to refine our approach when needed.

Government

Strategic objectives

- G1 We build community confidence by sustainably reducing the tax gap and providing assurance across the tax, superannuation and registry systems
- G2 We design for better tax, superannuation and registry systems to make it easy to comply and hard not to.

Core priorities

1.1 Tax and superannuation performance

Maintain high levels of compliance across the tax and superannuation systems and avoid any deterioration in tax performance

1.2 Commitments to government

Deliver on government priorities, including through our funded taskforces, and our contribution to and implementation of new measures

1.3 Advocacy

Build strong relationships with key stakeholders to advocate for more effective and simple tax, superannuation and registry policy and

administration

1.4 Effective public advice and guidance

Deliver effective public advice and guidance, including timely publication of ATO views on priority matters

1.5 Effective registry services

Provide business registry services and strengthen the integrity of registrations

Performance measures

Trust

Community trust in the ATO and the system

Registration

Proportion of companies and individuals registered in the system

Lodgment

Proportion of activity statements and income tax returns lodged on time

Tax gap

As a proportion of revenue

Total revenue effects

Revenue from all compliance activities

Payment

Proportion of liabilities paid on time by value

Debt

Ratio of collectable debt to net tax collections

Influence

Influence tax and superannuation system design through a mutually positive relationship with Treasury and the provision of quality advice

Client

Strategic objectives

- C1 Our client experience and interactions are well designed, tailored, fair and transparent.
- C2 We work with and through others to deliver efficient and effective tax, superannuation and registry systems.

Core priorities

2.1 Fairness and integrity

Enable trust and compliance through policy, sound law design and interpretation, as well as resolving disputes

2.2 Digital communications and self-service interactions

Continue to evolve digital interactions and where appropriate, reduce reliance on paper

2.3 Deliver tax time

Ensure continued delivery of tax time commitments

2.4 Partnerships

Nurture partnerships with the tax profession in coordinated approaches to support the integrity and streamlining of the tax and superannuation systems

Performance measures

Compliance cost

Adjusted median cost to individual taxpayers of managing their tax affairs

Digital

Proportion of inbound transactions received digitally for key services

Digital

Proportion of outbound interactions issued digitally for key services

Service satisfaction

Client satisfaction with their recent interaction with us

Working together

Partner perceptions of how we are working together with them to administer the tax and superannuation systems

Workforce

Strategic objective

 W1 We are a high-performing workforce with a focus on integrity, the right culture, capability and tools to deliver the best client and staff experience.

Core priorities

3.1 Shape our workforce

Attract, develop, and retain a diverse workforce with the capability to deliver on our priorities

3.2 Workforce Integrity

Identify, prevent and respond to integrity threats in our workplace, through our integrity framework Performance measures

Performance measures

Culture

Level of employee engagement

Staff experience

Employee perceptions around whether they have access to the tools and resources needed to perform well

Operational

Strategic objectives

- O1 We use data, information and insights to deliver value for our clients and inform decision-making across everything we do.
- O2 Our technology and digital services deliver a reliable and contemporary client experience.

Core priorities

4.1 Strengthen our data and analytics foundations and capabilities

Improve how we manage, use and share data and analytics, to deliver better services, improve tax performance and reduce administration costs

4.2 ATO systems resilience and improvements

Drive modernisation of our key systems and focus on resilience where it improves reliability and the client experience

Performance measures

Tax returns

Proportion of pre-filled items accepted without change

Identity matching

Proportion of data items matched to client identifiers

Availability

Key digital systems availability

Financial

Strategic objective

 F1 We strive for operational excellence to achieve efficiency and quality outcomes.

Core priorities

5.1 Effective management of ATO financial resources

Ensure effective resource allocation, monitoring and reporting, demonstrating quality financial management aligned to organisational priorities

5.2 Value for money

Leverage our expertise to deliver efficient, economical and ethical use of public funds, including at all stages of procurement, consistent with the policies of the Commonwealth

Performance measures

Cost of collection

Cost to collect \$100

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04. Australian Business Registry Services

Last updated 27 July 2023

Australian Business Registry Services (ABRS) aims to provide effective and efficient business registration services that ensure integrity and accuracy of information to maximise the value of our registry data for government, intermediaries, business and the community.

ABRS was established to assist the Registrar to carry out their functions. The Registrar has separate and distinct responsibilities from the Commissioner of Taxation, including administering director identification numbers (director IDs) and assisting the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) to manage its registry functions. The Commissioner of Taxation remains the Registrar of the Australian Business Register (ABR) under the A New Tax System (Australian Business Number) Act 1999.

The Commissioner of Taxation has also been appointed as the Registrar under the:

- Business Names Registration Act 2011
- Commonwealth Registers Act 2020
- Corporations Act 2001
- National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009.

Purpose

We provide business registry services such as Australian business number (ABN), director ID, company and business name registration (with company and business name registrations currently being delivered on behalf of ASIC). We provide access to business data via online look-up services (available to the public) as well as access to additional information for eligible and authenticated third parties.

The purpose of ABRS is to provide:

- effective and efficient business registry services that reduce the regulatory burden for business
- robust identity verification and over-time relationship traceability for directors of companies through director ID – a critical tool for improving the integrity of director appointments and revealing potential involvement in unlawful activity, including illegal phoenix activity
- a unified and trusted source of business data that supports the activities of businesses, 3 tiers of Australian Government and the broader Australian community
- support to the ATO and ASIC in their early identification and disruption of the attempted misuse of corporate vehicles through the implementation of director ID.

Risk focus

Our risk focus is on ensuring the integrity of our registers. We have well-established systems of risk oversight and management that align with the *Commonwealth Risk Management Policy* and section 16 of the *Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013 (PGPA Act)*.

The Registrar of ABRS has entered into an operational memorandum of understanding with ASIC regarding the management of ASIC's registry functions, including working together to ensure appropriate oversight and collaboration on registry-related risks.

Find out about our enterprise registration risk and <u>risk management</u> strategy.

Performance measure

The ABRS performance measure is:

 Increased use of the ABR – Increased use of the ABR as the national business dataset.

The Registrar of ABRS is also responsible for assisting ASIC to perform its registry functions (under a delegation from ASIC). This includes reporting against the associated performance measures through the delegation model.

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05. Organisational capability

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Our organisational capability is the combination of our people, culture, governance principles, processes, systems and knowledge.

Having a strong organisational capability directly contributes to delivering on our strategic objectives and purpose, ensuring we are well-positioned to support the Australian community.

Workforce

We are a high-performing and agile workforce with a focus on integrity, the right culture, capability and tools to deliver the best client and staff experience.

The expertise and capability of our people is key to delivering our outcomes. We are committed to our role in managing tax, superannuation and registry services for the community, and also our role as part of the broader public service, supporting the plan for APS reform.

Within a challenging workforce environment, we have adapted our people strategies and refreshed our employment offer so we can continue to attract specialist skills and invest in the capability of our workforce. Our people are our foundation and we are committed to investing in the development of the core technical skills they require now and into the future. We know it is important that they have leaders who inspire, empower and encourage them to take action and be their

best selves. Our SES leadership strategy sets the expectations of how we lead the organisation today and nurture the leaders of tomorrow.

We are committed to maintaining safe work practices and workplaces for our people. We support our staff to manage their own wellbeing and create a healthier work environment that positions them to support individual and organisational performance.

We continue to embed diversity and inclusion strategies and build an inclusive workplace that improves the experience of staff and enhances our interactions with clients. We are continuously striving to achieve higher representation across diversity groups to ensure our workforce reflects the Australian community we serve.

As we continue to deliver on the 2024 Workforce Strategy, we are positioning the ATO and our people for the future and ensuring we are ready to adapt and respond to changes in our working environment. Over the coming year, we will sharpen the focus of this strategy on uplifting the capability of our workforce with identified priorities across the focus areas of Attract and recruit, Develop and Retain.

Attract and recruit

We are engaging with professionals across a range of sectors in the external labour market to create connection with our values and purpose and promote the unique and diverse career opportunities available in the ATO.

Develop

We are taking a contemporary approach to developing our people to take on more varied and complex roles across a range of disciplines. We have a specific focus on uplifting our digital and data capabilities

Retain

We are continuing to shape a staff experience and culture where people feel engaged, productive, connected, safe and valued.

ICT

Our technology and digital services deliver a reliable and contemporary client experience and keep pace with community expectations. We are a leading digital business, known for technology-enabled innovation, integrity and insight across the tax, superannuation and registry systems. Our Technology Strategy will continue to guide investment in our key technology services, while building the foundation for future capabilities and supporting our data and analytics capability. Our goal is to deliver the following outcomes.

Exceptional client and staff experiences

The ATO's technology services drive digital-first thinking and deliver high-quality client and staff experiences.

Effective and efficient organisation

Technology is managed in a way that supports the ATO in being highly effective and efficient at doing its business.

Interoperable ecosystem with high levels of trust

The ATO is building foundations that foster a high-functioning ecosystem where market-driven innovation delivers value.

We will achieve this by focusing on the following strategic technology priorities:

- modern and stable information technology systems
- · applications and platform design
- natural systems and data insights
- efficiency, value and cost
- capability and culture.

The ATO Digital Strategy continues the shift to digitalisation with a strong focus on keeping our existing suite of digital services and foundations strong while making the right incremental improvements and additions to our digital services. We will focus on increasing built-in upfront integrity with secure services, while reimagining how our digital systems support the future needs of clients. We've made significant advances to improve experiences for clients and will leverage these foundations to continue digitalising our operations, providing quality end-to-end digital services. The framework to deliver our digital strategy is underpinned by 4 pillars which enable us to deliver on our 2025 vision to be a leading digital business, shaping trusted and effective digital services and ecosystems.

Evolve our digital maturity

Evolve our operating model and processes to enable innovation and

cost-effectiveness.

Develop our workforce to have the digital knowledge and skills to drive 'digital first' thinking to enhance our staff and client experiences.

- Continue to deliver and leverage the right digital platforms
 Deliberate investment in our missing digital capabilities to enable experiences that reflect the contemporary digital world.

 Maximise the benefits and use of our current digital capabilities to meet the needs of our users.
- Deliver personalised optimal experiences for our clients and our people

Tax and superannuation 'just happen' through simple digital interactions, authenticated identity and verifiable and trusted data. Know and understand our clients and offer digital services and support to meet their needs anywhere, anytime on any device. Digitalisation of our staff experiences, services and processes and empowering our staff with intelligent workflows and client data.

Collaborate with partners to build connected and trusted ecosystems

Take a whole-of-ecosystem view and actively participate in the digital ecosystem with our partners.

Strengthen digital services to uphold privacy, security and improve fraud prevention and responses.

Financial investment

We strive for operational excellence to achieve efficiency and quality outcomes.

The ATO is committed to ensuring all spending arrangements support the proper use of ATO resources and reflect efficient, effective, economical, and ethical use of funds consistent with the policies of the Commonwealth.

Our financial policy framework ensures that we meet all the requirements of good governance over our decisions and actions under the PGPA Act including the following:

• Committing money and approving spending
The ATO is committed to ensuring all spending arrangements

support the proper use of ATO resources and are approved by someone with the appropriate delegation or authorisation.

Financial governance

The PGPA Act requires all officials to have a high standard of governance and promote the proper use of public resources in an efficient, effective, economical, and ethical way.

• Budget management

The ATO is committed to best practice in the efficient and effective use of its resources in accordance with PGPA Act. This includes managing expenditure in line with budget requirements.

Our financial management practices are underpinned by the ATO's principles for financial governance which inform how the ATO collects, manages, monitors, and controls financial information and outcomes. All officials are required to have a high standard of governance and promote the proper use of public resources in an efficient, effective, economical, and ethical way.

We achieve this by:

- ensuring decisions and actions support the financial integrity of the ATO
- developing and maintaining a robust financial integrity framework to ensure the ATO's financial transactions are complete, accurate, transparent and in accordance with legislative requirements
- maintaining controls to ensure financial duties performed on behalf of the ATO are carried out with the proper authority and where necessary the relevant delegation
- providing support and ongoing education to help staff make informed decisions that are efficient, effective, economical, and ethical.

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06. Environment

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The tax, superannuation and registry environment is complex. It is globally connected and can be affected or disrupted by geopolitical shifts, emerging technologies and unpredictable events.

The tax, superannuation and registry environment continues to be complex, presenting both opportunities and challenges to the delivery of our purpose and vision. We will continually evolve to meet these challenges and the changing needs of our clients, workforce, and the government. Our operating context requires agility and flexibility as we respond to emerging demands, while continuing to deliver on our commitments to the Australian community and the government. We adopt a whole-of-system perspective to continuously improve our performance, services and culture, building trust and confidence in Australia's regulatory settings.

Megatrends and our approach

Trust and client perception

Trust is our greatest asset. Our ability to drive willing participation in the tax, superannuation and registry systems is currently being tested as global economic optimism and trust in government institutions declines.

Community sentiment, perceptions of fairness and integrity in the administration of the tax and superannuation systems, and trust in government can all have implications on people's willingness to engage and comply. With recent large-scale data breaches involving private and other government entities eroding client and community confidence, the ATO must remain a trusted organisation of high integrity. Our focus on system integrity and fairness, coupled with our tailored engagement approaches aim to maintain and grow community confidence in the ATO.

Service evolution and adoption

The evolution of service delivery has been shaped by the rise of the digital economy and exponential growth in technology. By leveraging and building our digital platforms, we can provide streamlined and tailored services that present new opportunities for the community to engage with the tax, superannuation and registry systems.

The ATO has a critical role in the Australian economy, and it is important that the experiences and digital services we provide make it easy for clients to engage with us – that we enable streamlined tax, superannuation and registry services that 'just happen'. The ATO should ensure that all segments of the community are engaged, even those who have limited or no access to digital services.

Data, analytics and technology

Large-scale use of data, analytics and technology is powering the global digital economy, creating considerable opportunities for all sectors.

Australia's ongoing economic success depends on its ability to harness technological advances to drive innovation, improve business efficiencies, create new products and markets, and enhance daily life. Amid a surge in technological advancement, including artificial intelligence and high-volume data breaches, safeguarding data holdings is becoming increasingly difficult.

In using data and analytics to enhance services that meet community and government expectations, the ATO remains focused on ensuring data security and strong data stewardship. As a large data-driven agency, we are a key participant in the whole-of-government approach to data, analytics and digitalisation, and we are playing a leading role in data sharing across government. We bring our commitment to our data ethics principles to all our use of data and analytics activities.

Cybersecurity

With an increasing dependence on technology and a shift towards digital interactions, the significance of cybersecurity and the protection of our systems and information remains critical.

Cyberattacks on businesses have become increasingly prevalent in recent years and this is likely to continue as the digital economy and services continue to grow. The ATO has multiple layers of security in place to govern, protect, detect and respond to cyberthreats. Our staff are our first line of defence against cyberthreats and we continue to work with stakeholders across the public and private sectors to ensure a safe and secure digital experience for the community.

Future of work

New ways of working have emerged driven by the pandemic, technology and employee preferences. Providing a flexible working environment is a key focus within the Australian Public Service (APS) and forms part of a broader reform agenda. In a competitive labour market, our workforce strategies aim to ensure we have the right workforce into the future. A modern staff experience aligned with operational requirements and staff expectations will help to attract and retain the right talent, skills and capabilities to meet current community and government priorities and future challenges.

Geopolitics and geoeconomics

Global crises and shifting national tensions continue to be a feature of the current world view. The challenges facing governments and revenue collection agencies worldwide are shared. The ATO is a world leading revenue collection service that collaborates proactively with other tax jurisdictions to ensure we collectively overcome international tax challenges.

The globalisation of the economy, climate change and geopolitical considerations will impact the tax, superannuation and registry systems into the future as the external environment shifts, both nationally and internationally.

The ATO remains responsive to the impacts on the community of a slowing global economy, political and economic confrontations, and impacts of climate change and natural disasters.

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07. Cooperation

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We work with a broad range of external stakeholders to effectively manage and shape the tax, superannuation and registry systems that support and fund services for Australians. We collaborate and engage with our stakeholders to provide input and feedback to improve these systems. This helps us respond to changes in our operating environment and to implement regulations in a collaborative way.

Our relationships are built and maintained through consultation, established partnerships and memorandums of understanding.

Our stakeholder relationships

- Government
- Scrutineers
- Industry and community
- International partnerships

Government

We work with the whole of government to ensure our administration of tax, superannuation and registry legislation is fair, efficient and transparent. We do this through multiple forums, with a focus on building a more agile and effective public service. For example, we:

- maintain a close relationship with Treasury, including advising on the implications of policy initiatives and on changes that would improve the administration of laws or minimise compliance costs for the community
- exchange data with other agencies in accordance with our Data ethics principles to deliver improved services
- work with state and territory revenue offices to collect and administer particular taxes on their behalf
- collaborate with regulatory and law enforcement agencies in Australia and overseas jurisdictions to build our capability, identify fraudulent behaviour and protect the community from criminal activity
- have a role in the Chief Operating Officers Committee, which reports to the Secretaries Board, supporting consistent delivery of government policies.

Our Ministerial Statement of Expectations provides clarity about government policies and objectives relevant to the ATO, including the policies and priorities we are expected to observe in conducting operations. Our Regulator Statement of Intent outlines our response to the Ministerial Statement of Expectations and outlines how we will continue to meet expectations. A Ministerial Statement of Expectations

and Regulator Statement of Intent will be developed and made publicly available on our website.

Scrutineers

Our relationships with scrutineers – who are appointed by government – foster transparency and underpin community and government confidence in our administration. The professional and cooperative relationships we have with the Australian National Audit Office, the Commonwealth Ombudsman, the Inspector-General of Taxation and Taxation Ombudsman, the Office of the Australian Information Commissioner, Parliamentary Committees and the National Anti-Corruption Commission continuously improve our administration.

Industry and community

Our relationships with industry and the public we serve are paramount to achieving our purpose. The ATO Charter outlines the commitments we make to everyone we work with, our expectations of them and steps they can take if they are not satisfied. We work with representatives across the community, business, tax, superannuation and financial sectors to harness their specialist knowledge and experience through our stewardship, stakeholder relationships and special purpose working groups. We also use social media interactions, surveys and other research activities to understand perceptions about the way the tax, superannuation and registry systems are administered.

Our partnerships with digital service providers deliver fit-for-purpose services that enable intermediaries, businesses, superannuation funds and individuals to easily interact with us. We also liaise with third-party data providers, including banks, employers, online platforms and share registries, to collect information to support registration and reporting, identify fraud and recover debt.

International partnerships

International partnerships play an integral role to ensure we can act when people attempt to use jurisdictional borders to block our effective administration.

We work with governments and organisations around the world to assist with building the capacity of other revenue administrations so that they can meet obligations under the international tax framework, increase their domestic resource mobilisation, and promote stronger economic governance. Under our Record of understanding with the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) our 2 agencies work together to implement joint activities using Official Development Assistance funds under the Australian aid program, with a focus on supporting our neighbours in the Pacific.

As a member of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development Forum on Tax Administration (FTA), Australia collaborates internationally with member countries to build effective tax administrations, including sharing our recognised expertise and best practice, to increase the fairness, efficiency, effectiveness and digitalisation of tax administration globally.

Through our participation in FTA forums, including our leadership of the Taskforce on Tax Crime and Other Crimes and of the Joint International Taskforce on Shared Intelligence and Collaboration, we help identify, discuss and influence relevant trends and develop new ideas to enhance tax administrations around the world.

Australia is an active participant in the Global Forum on Transparency and Exchange of Information for Tax Purposes and has also recently joined the Automatic Exchange of Information Peer Review Group (APRG). Through these forums we are working to achieve global tax transparency and higher exchange of information standards around the world. We are also a member of the Joint Chiefs of Global Tax Enforcement, sharing intelligence and conducting joint operations to combat cybercrime, cryptocurrency fraud, and facilitators of offshore tax crime.

The ATO does not have any subsidiaries.

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08. Tax Practitioners Board

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The Tax Practitioners Board (TPB) is an independent statutory body created under the *Tax Agent Services Act 2009 (TASA)* and as a national body, has responsibility for the registration and regulation of

tax agents and business activity statement agents (collectively referred to as 'tax practitioners').

The TPB consists of a Chair and Board members appointed by the relevant Minister. Staff are provided by the Commissioner of Taxation.

The purpose of the TPB is to ensure that tax practitioner services are provided to the public in accordance with appropriate standards of professional and ethical conduct.

The TPB protects consumers of taxation services by regulating tax practitioners, thereby strengthening the integrity of the tax profession.

The TPB is responsible for ensuring that tax practitioners comply with the TASA, including the *Code of Professional Conduct*.

To achieve this, the TPB:

- collaborates with our stakeholders to support and shape government reforms
- streamlines registration to support new and existing tax practitioners
- improves tax practitioner standards and integrity with support and quidance
- protects consumers through a risk-based compliance program
- supports our people to build organisational capability, culture and leadership
- supports and safeguards our performance through a technology work program
- enhances TPB performance through data science and systems.

Further details about the TPB, including its activities and its 2023–24 corporate plan, are available from tpb.gov.au/corporate-plan .

QC 73075

09. Australian Charities and Notfor-profits Commission

Last updated 27 July 2023

The Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission (ACNC) is established under the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 (Cth) (ACNC Act)* as the independent regulator of charities at the Commonwealth level.

While the Commissioner of Taxation is the Accountable Authority for the ACNC, the ACNC has operational independence and its own corporate plan.

The ACNC Act sets out the ACNC's objectives to:

- maintain, protect and enhance public trust and confidence in the Australian not-for-profit sector
- support and sustain a robust, vibrant, independent and innovative Australian not-for-profit sector
- promote the reduction of unnecessary regulatory obligations on the Australian not-for-profit sector.

These objectives, or purposes, are achieved through the following activities:

- maintaining a public register of Australian charities (the Charity Register)
- · registering new charities
- revoking the registration of charities that are no longer entitled to registration
- · collecting and publishing information about charities annually
- providing advice and guidance to charities and the public
- disseminating resources to build capacity and good governance in the sector
- sharing our data with the public, charities and government
- monitoring charities for compliance with legal requirements, and acting on identified concerns
- working across governments to reduce unnecessary regulation.

Further details about the ACNC, including its activities and its 2023–24 corporate plan, are available from acnc.gov.au/about/our-corporate-plan <a href="mailto:acnc.gov.au/about/our-

10. Risk management

Last updated 27 July 2023

Identifying, understanding and managing risk is critical to achieving our purpose and objectives as an organisation.

Risk appetite

We identify and manage risk in the context of our performance, in line with our overall risk appetite, to make the most of opportunities, deal with threats, foster innovation and build a strong risk culture across the ATO. In doing this, we are:

willing to accept higher levels of risk where there is a clear opportunity to realise benefits and where risks can be controlled to acceptable levels

less willing to accept risk where it is not clear that benefits will be realised or where risks are unable to be controlled to acceptable levels.

The ATO's Risk Committee has primary responsibility for maintaining a view of the systems of risk oversight and management in operation. In conjunction with our Audit and Risk Committee, assurance is provided to the ATO Executive that risk is being effectively identified and appropriately managed throughout the organisation, with a strong focus on setting clear accountabilities and tolerances, and monitoring performance to ensure it remains within acceptable levels.

Enterprise risks

The following risks have been identified as the key risks for the ATO to manage in 2023–24.

Tax and superannuation administration

Compliance and policy

Enterprise risk	Risk description	Risk management strategy
Tax and superannuation performance in accordance with the law	There is a risk that performance of the tax and superannuation systems move out of tolerance due to our inability to identify and address in a timely manner lodgment and correct reporting issues resulting in reduced community confidence and willing participation and further reduced revenue performance.	Our strategies are focused on sustained improvement in tall and superannuation compliance and, in turn, long-term system health. Strategies can be designed to improve correct participation in the system and to address non-compliance thereby improving both gross and ne system performance.
Payment and debt performance	There is a risk that payment and debt performance declines to unacceptable levels, caused by volatility in economic conditions and / or ineffective ATO strategies. This may result in an intolerable growth in debt and reduction in voluntary payment compliance, impacting the availability of funding for government programs, perceptions of fairness and	We are managing this risk through our core strategies prevention, enhanced engagement through early intervention and firmer and stronge actions. Our core strategies will be enhanced by our Lodge and Pay reset program, 6 initiatives focused to drive rapid progress in delivering on time payment and addressing collectable debt.

	government and community confidence in the tax and superannuation systems.	
Influencing policy and law design	There is a risk that the ATO's ability to influence policy and law design may be materially impacted by shifting policy settings, an inability to establish and maintain effective relationships, or build and sustain suitable capability, resulting in poor outcomes for the sustainability and administrability of the systems.	We are managing this risk by applying expertise to shape the new measure agenda and contribute to new measure design, helping to achieve the policy intent while ensuring integrity in the system and making it easy for taxpayers to meet their obligations or claim their entitlements.
Registration	There is a risk that our registers lack integrity, caused by entities that are registered that should not be or entities that are not registered when they should be, resulting in opportunities for fraud and reduced trust in registry data (including limited ability to use that data to support government services to the community).	We are managing this risk by bringing together a comprehensive view of all risks and controls across our registers and by implementing appropriate controls that support correct registration outcomes for our clients.
External fraud	There is a risk that we are not taking	We are managing this risk through

all reasonable measures to prevent, detect and deal with external fraud resulting in out of tolerance revenue and information loss and harm to ATO clients.

increased focus on the development of prevention measures designed to reduce the risk of external fraud occurring; detection measures designed to uncover incidences of fraud when they occur; and response measures including assessment, investigation, analysis, referral, prosecution, and recovery.

Client service

Enterprise risk	Risk description	Risk management strategy
End-to-end client service and case management	There is a risk that the ATO does not achieve end-to-end service and case management outcomes for the ATO and clients, caused by the complexity of our internal operating arrangements and inconsistency of decision-making across functional and structural boundaries, resulting in incorrect outcomes and/or unacceptable experiences for clients and a reduction in voluntary	We are managing this risk by understanding the series of interactions a client has with us that forms their endto-end experience, from when they join, to when they exit the system (and all of the interactions in-between). Understanding the intersection points across our structures and the downstream impacts of actions allows us to provide actionable insights that will improve the client and staff experience.

	compliance due to loss in trust and confidence in the ATO.	
Misuse of data and analytics	There is a risk that we (or those we share our data or analysis with) do not lawfully or appropriately use our data and/or analysis, caused by a failure in our data and analytics governance, resulting in adverse impacts on individuals, loss of revenue and/or loss of public trust and confidence and reduction in willing participation.	We are managing this risk by strengthening our data and analytics governance and embedding this as part of business as usual, investing in data and analytics architecture and infrastructure to support lawful and appropriate access and use, and uplifting data literacy of all staff.

Organisational

Workforce

worklorce		
Enterprise risk	Risk description	Risk management strategy
Sustainable workforce	There is a risk the ATO will be unable to attract, develop and retain the capability required to meet current and future demands. This is caused by demand and competition in the labour market and the extent we are able to meet expectations with our employment offer. This could result in an inability	We are changing the way we attract and recruit to ensure we have the right skills in the right place at the right time to meet current and emerging demands. We are investing in our people, their tools and overall experience, building their capability to position them for future work priorities.

	to deliver on organisational objectives.	
Standards and ethical conduct	There is a risk that our people do not act lawfully and with integrity caused by breakdowns in processes, workplace culture, leadership and behavioural practices, and not being aligned to APS values. This can result in harm to individuals and erosion of public trust in the ATO.	We are managing this risk through a comprehensive integrity program that includes regular training, transparent reporting channels, and consequences for breaches of APS values, to promote a culture of lawful and ethical behaviour and maintain public trust in the ATO.
Change capability	There is a risk that the ATO is unable to deliver on government and ATO change priorities over the medium term (1–3 years) caused by insufficient capacity and capability to accomplish objectives, resulting in a re-prioritisation or ceasing of change related activities, redirection of resources and associated reduction of core business activities.	We are managing this risk by regularly assessing the ATO's capacity and capabilities to deliver objectives and reprioritising where needed.

Technology and data

Enterprise risk	Risk description	Risk management strategy
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Contemporary technology

There is a risk that the ATO is unable to develop and maintain a contemporary suite of technologies for the community and staff caused by rapid changes in the broader technology environment, demand pressures, funding constraints and competition for skilled resources. resulting in degradation to the security, reliability and usability of the technology services that support the effective management of trusted tax, superannuation and business registry services.

The ATO is managing this risk by making targeted and strategic investments across our technology environment to continue to improve the client and staff experience and enhance the performance, availability and resilience of our key systems and applications.

The ATO is also driving operational improvements to enhance our ability to detect and respond to system performance incidents in an efficient and effective manner.

The availability and performance of the ATO's external and internal-facing systems is being monitored 24/7 and detailed performance reports are produced to the ATO Executive each month.

Maximising the value of data and analytics

There is a risk that we do not effectively utilise data and analytics (D&A) capabilities, caused by inappropriate We are managing this risk by improving the way we collect, manage, share, and use data. We are focusing on investment in or maintenance of our D&A foundations and/or capabilities, resulting in suboptimal decision making, organisational inefficiency and uneconomic outcomes. strengthening our data foundations, transforming the data and analytics experience for our staff, evolving how we use automation and artificial intelligence, and building and sustaining our data literacy and capability to ensure we unlock our full data potential.

Security

Security		
Enterprise risk	Risk description	Risk management strategy
Managing cyberthreats	There is a risk that the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of ATO information systems is compromised caused by an external threat actor or malicious insider, resulting in direct and indirect financial impacts, the undermining of trust in the ATO and Government and reduced participation and engagement in tax and superannuation systems.	We are managing this risk by uplifting our cybersecurity capabilities to increase our maturity against whole-of-government requirements.

11. Performance

Last updated 27 July 2023

This section outlines how we will demonstrate whether we achieve our purpose of contributing to the economic and social wellbeing of Australians by fostering willing participation in the tax, superannuation and registry systems. We measure the extent to which we are achieving our purpose through a range of performance measures.

Our performance measures align directly with our strategic objectives and are monitored through a range of regular internal reporting mechanisms. The ATO Executive Committee and the Audit and Risk Committee receive regular updates and analysis of results.

The measures set out for 2023–24 will be reported against in the annual performance statement, due to be published in October 2024 as part of our annual report.

Program 1.1 ATO

- Strategic objective G1
- Strategic objective G2
- Strategic objective C1
- Strategic objective C2
- Strategic objective W1
- Strategic objective O1
- Strategic objective O2
- Strategic objective F1

Strategic objective G1

Table 6A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Doufoumonoo	Latest	Performance	Performance
Performance	result	target	target 2023-
measure	(2021-22)	2022-23	24

Trust – Community trust in the ATO and the system	New measure for 2022–23	Under development	Under development
Registration – Proportion of companies and individuals registered in the system	66.1% companies $\frac{1}{2}$ 105.9% individuals $\frac{3}{2}$	See note ²	See note ²
Lodgment – Proportion of activity statements	70.5% activity statements	78% activity statements	78% activity statements
and income tax returns lodged on time	82% income tax returns (2020–21 returns)	83% income tax returns	83% income tax returns
Tax gap – As a proportion of revenue	7% or \$33.4 billion (2019–20)	See note 4	See note 4
Total revenue effects – Revenue from all compliance activities	\$15.5 billion	\$15 billion	\$15.7 billion
Payment – Proportion of liabilities paid on time by value	87.8%	88%	88%
Debt – Ratio of collectable debt to net tax collections	8.5%	Between 8.0% and 8.5%	Between 7.5% and 8%

Table 6B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance target 2024–25	Performance target 2025–26	Performand target 2026 27
Trust – Community trust in the ATO and the system	Under development	Under development	Under developmen
Registration – Proportion of companies and individuals registered in the system	See note ²	See note ²	See note ²
Lodgment – Proportion of activity statements	78% activity statements	78% activity statements	78% activity statements
and income tax returns lodged on time	83% income tax returns	83% income tax returns	83% income tax returns
Tax gap – As a proportion of revenue	See note ⁴	See note 4	See note 4
Total revenue effects – Revenue from all compliance activities	\$15.7 billion	\$15.7 billion	\$15.7 billion
Payment – Proportion of liabilities paid on time by value	88%	88%	88%
Debt – Ratio of collectable debt to net	Between 6.5% and 7%	Below 6%	Below 6%

tax collections

- 1 The result compares the number of companies registered by the ATO to the number of companies registered by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC). Not all companies that are registered with ASIC have taxation and reporting requirements. Therefore, the proportion is always expected to be well below 100%.
- 2 The ATO aims to ensure that all entities that are required to participate in the taxation and superannuation systems are registered on the ATO's client register, allowing a tolerance of 5% (individuals) and 2% (companies) from the last reporting period (increase or decrease).
- 3 The trends in registration of individuals are closely aligned to population growth. This result is always expected to remain above 100% because the ATO's definition of 'resident' captures a greater number of people than the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) estimated resident population. This is particularly true for individuals who have recently migrated to Australia or are seasonal workers.
- 4 Reduce the gap to a level as low as practicable given the nature and complexity of the law and the resources available.
- 5 For further details, see Principles and approaches to measuring gaps, available at ato.gov.au/taxgap

Strategic objective G2

Table 7A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2021–22 to 2022–23

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022–23	Performance target 2023-24
Influence – Influence tax and super system design through a mutually positive relationship with Treasury and the provision of quality advice	Very good <u>6</u>	See note ⁷	See note ⁷

Table 7B: Performance targets for 2023–24 to 2025–26

Performance measure	Performance target 2023–24	Performance target 2024–25	Performand target 2025–26
Influence – Influence tax and super system design through a mutually positive relationship with Treasury and the provision of quality advice	See note ⁷	See note ⁷	See note ⁷

6 Latest result does not align with measure name or target, as these have changed for 2022–23 onwards. For further details, see Commissioner of Taxation annual report 2021–22 (page 39)

7 Demonstrated effort in supporting the Treasury to design and deliver effective tax and superannuation policy.

Strategic objective C1

Table 8A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022–23	Performance target 2023-24
Compliance cost – Adjusted median cost to	3.6% decrease	Remain steady	See note ⁸
individual taxpayers of managing their tax affairs	(2020–21 tax returns)		

Digital – Proportion of inbound transactions received digitally for key services	95%	95%	95%
Digital – Proportion of outbound interactions issued digitally for key services	New measure for 2022–23	Under development	76%
Service satisfaction – Client satisfaction with their recent interaction with us	New measure for 2022–23	80%	80%

Table 8B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance target 2024–25	Performance target 2025–26	Performand target 2026–27
Compliance cost – Adjusted median cost to individual taxpayers of managing their tax affairs	See note ⁸	See note ⁸	See note ⁸
Digital – Proportion of inbound transactions received	95%	95%	95%

digitally for key services

Digital – Proportion of outbound interactions issued digitally for key services	76%	76%	76%
Service satisfaction - Client satisfaction with their recent interaction with us	80%	80%	80%

⁸ A decrease, or no more than 2% increase over the prior year figure.

Strategic objective C2

Table 9A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022-23	Performance target 2023-24
Working together – Partner perceptions of how we are working together with them to administer the tax, superannuation systems	68/100	Equal to or better than the 2018–19 result (64/100)	Equal to or better than the 2018–19 result (64/100)

Table 9B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance	Performance	Performar
	target	target	target
	2024–25	2025–26	2026–27
Working together – partner perceptions of how the ATO is working together with them to administer the tax and superannuation systems	Equal to or	Equal to or	Equal to or
	better than	better than	better than
	the 2018–19	the 2018–19	the 2018–19
	result	result	result
	(64/100)	(64/100)	(64/100)

9 The result is calculated using survey responses from 3 partner groups – tax professionals, digital service providers and APRA-regulated superannuation funds. A weighting of 50% is applied for tax professionals, reflecting their role as the ATO's primary partner group, while the remaining 2 groups are each given a 25% weighting.

Strategic objective W1

Table 10A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022-23	Performance target 2023-24
Culture – Level of employee engagement	74%	Equal to or better than the average result for large agencies	Equal to or better than the average result for large agencies
Staff experience – Employee perceptions around whether they have access to	64%	Equal to or better than the average result for large agencies	Equal to or better than the average result for large agencies

Table 10B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance target 2024-25	Performance target 2025–26	Performand target 2026-27
Culture – Level of employee engagement	Equal to or better than the average result for large agencies	Equal to or better than the average result for large agencies	Equal to or better than the average result for large agencies
Staff experience – Employee perceptions around whether they have access to the tools and resources needed to perform well	Equal to or better than the average result for large agencies	Equal to or better than the average result for large agencies	Equal to or better than the average result for large agencies

Strategic objective O1

Table 11A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022-23	Performance target 2023-24
Tax returns -	95%	90%	90%
Proportion of pre-filled items accepted without change	(2020– 21 returns)		

Table 11B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance	Performance	Performand
	target	target	target
	2024–25	2025–26	2026–27
Tax returns – Proportion of pre-filled items accepted without change	90%	90%	90%

Strategic objective 02

Table 12A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022-23	Performance target 2023-24
Identity matching – Proportion of data items matched to client identifiers	New measure for 2022– 23	Under development	95%
Availability – Key digital systems availability	99.5%	99.5% (excluding scheduled outages)	99.5% (excluding scheduled outages)

Table 12B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance	Performance	Performance	Performand
measure	target	target	target
ilicasuic	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27

Identity matching – Proportion of data items matched to client identifiers	95%	95%	95%
Availability –	99.5%	99.5%	99.5%
Key digital	(excluding	(excluding	(excluding
systems	scheduled	scheduled	scheduled
availability	outages)	outages)	outages)

Strategic objective F1

Table 13A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022-23	Performance target 2023–24
Cost of collection – Cost to collect \$100 (9)	\$0.58 (incl GST) \$0.53 (excl GST)	Consistent with pre- pandemic trend	Consistent with pre- pandemic trend

Table 13B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance target 2024–25	Performance target 2025–26	Performand target 2026–27
Cost of collection – cost to collect \$100	Consistent with trend	Consistent with trend	Consistent with trend

Program 1.3 ABRS

Table 14A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2021–22 to 2022–23

Performance measure	Latest result (2021–22)	Performance target 2022–23	Performance target 2023-24
Increased use of the ABR as the national business	Government Agencies	Government Agencies	Government Agencies
dataset	500 using ABR Explorer	500 using ABR Explorer	535 using ABR Explorer
	22 using ABR identifier	20 using ABR identifier	22 using ABR Connect
		Community	Community
	Community		
	Total of 2.07 billion ABN Lookup searches, a 13% increase	2.0 billion ABN Lookups	2.3 billion ABN Lookups

Table 14B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance target 2024–25	Performance target 2025-26	Performand target 2026–27
Increased use of the ABR as the national business dataset	Government Agencies 550 using ABR Explorer	As per 2024– 25	As per 2024 25
	24 using ABR Connect		

Community

2.5 billion ABN Lookups

Program 1.5-1.18 Administered programs

- 1.6 Junior Minerals Exploration Incentive
- 1.7 Fuel Tax Credits Scheme
- 1.9 Product Stewardship for Oil
- 1.10 Research and Development Tax Incentive
- 1.11 Low Income Superannuation Tax Offset
- 1.13 Superannuation Co-contribution Scheme
- 1.14 Superannuation Guarantee Scheme
- 1.15 Interest on unclaimed superannuation accounts paid
- 1.17 Bad and Doubtful Debts and Remissions
- 1.18 Seafarer Tax Offset

The ATO contributes to the economic and social wellbeing of Australians through governing a range of programs that result in transfers and benefits back to the community.

We administer a range of payments and transfers on behalf of the Australian Government, including incentives and rebates delivered through the tax and superannuation systems. Administered programs may be managed by the ATO with policy and delivery assistance from other Commonwealth agencies, or directly through the tax and superannuation systems.

1.6 Junior Minerals Exploration Incentive

Table 15A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	result	Performance	Performance
	(2021–	target	target
	22)	2022–23	2023-24
	44)		

All applications received are processed and taxpayers notified of their exploration credit allocation within 28 calendar days of the application period closing

Target All applicants notified within 28 calendar days of the application period closing. All applicants notified within 28 calendar days of the application period closing.

Public reporting data uploaded on data.gov.au 🖸 (and linked to the ato.gov.au website) after determination letters are issued

Target met

met

Published within 56 calendar days of the application period closing Published within 56 calendar days of the application period closing

Table 15B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance target 2023–24	Performance target 2024-25	Performand target 2025–26
All applications received are processed and taxpayers notified of their exploration credit allocation within 28 calendar days of the application period closing	All applicants notified within 28 calendar days of the application period closing.	All applicants notified within 28 calendar days of the application period closing.	All applicant notified with 28 calendar days of the application period closing.

Public reporting data uploaded on
•
data.gov.au
🗹 (and
linked to the
ato.gov.au
website) after
determination
letters are
issued

Published
within
56 calendar
days of the
application
period
closing.

Published within 56 calendar days of the application period closing.

Published within 56 calendar days of the application period closing.

1.7 Fuel Tax Credits Scheme

Table 16A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022-23	Performance target 2023-24
Fuel Tax Credits Scheme gap	New measure for 2022–23	See note ¹⁰	See note ¹⁰

Table 16B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance	Performance	Performand
	target	target	target
	2024–25	2025–26	2026–27
Fuel Tax Credits Scheme gap	See note 10	See note <u>10</u>	See note 10

¹⁰ Reduce the gap to a level as low as practicable given the nature and complexity of the law and the resources available.

¹¹ For further details, see Principles and approaches to measuring gaps, available at ato.gov.au/taxgap

1.9 Product Stewardship for Oil

Table 17A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2021–22 to 2022–23

Performance measure	Latest result (2020– 21)	Performance target 2021–22	Performance target 2022–23
Product Stewardship for Oil gap	New measure for 2022–23	Not applicable	See note 12

Table 17B: Performance targets for 2023–24 to 2025–26

Performance measure	Performance target 2023–24	Performance target 2024–25	Performand target 2025–26
Product Stewardship for Oil gap	See note <mark>12</mark>	See note <u>12</u>	See note 12

¹² Reduce the gap to a level as low as practicable given the nature and complexity of the law and the resources available13 For further details, see Principles and approaches to measuring gaps,

1.10 Research and Development Tax Incentive

available at ato.gov.au/taxgap

Table 18A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022-23	Performance target 2023–24
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Research and Development Tax Incentives (RDTI) refundable claims are subject to RDTI-specific risk detection processes	New measure for 2023– 24	Not applicable	100%
RDTI offset claims are amended when Industry Innovation and Science Australia advises the ATO that RDTI registration has been revoked	New measure for 2023– 24	Not applicable	100%

Table 18B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance target 2024–25	Performance target 2025-26	Performand target 2026–27
Research and Development Tax Incentives (RDTI) refundable claims are subject to RDTI-specific risk detection processes	100%	100%	100%
RDTI offset claims are amended when Industry Innovation and Science Australia	100%	100%	100%

1.11 Low Income Superannuation Tax Offset

Table 19A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022-23	Performance target 2023-24
Proportion of original contributions paid within 60 days	New measure for 2022–23	97%	97%

Table 19B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance target 2024–25	Performance target 2025–26	Performand target 2026–27
Proportion of original contributions paid within 60 days	97%	97%	97%

1.13 Superannuation Co-contribution Scheme

Table 20A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance	Latest	Performance	Performance
measure	result	target	target
		2022-23	2023-24

(2021– 22)

Proportion of original co-contributions paid within 60 days	New measure for 2022–23	97%	97%
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Table 20B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance target 2024-25	Performance target 2025-26	Performand target 2026–27
Proportion of original co-contributions paid within 60 days	97%	97%	97%

1.14 Superannuation Guarantee Scheme

Table 21A: Latest performance results and performance ta for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021–22)	Performance target 2022–23	Performa target 2023-24
Superannuation guarantee gap as a proportion of superannuation guarantee contributions	4.9% or \$3,370 million (2019– 20)	See note 14	See note ¹
Value of superannuation guarantee charge:	\$1,059.9 million raised	\$946 million raised	\$1,017 mil raised
raised (including	\$712.7 million collected	\$550 million collected	\$594 milli collected

penalties and interest)

• collected

Value of superannuation guarantee entitlements distributed to individuals or superannuation funds	\$645.4 million	\$497 million	\$536 milli
Value of superannuation guarantee debt on hand and the amount of superannuation guarantee debt irrecoverable at law or uneconomical to pursue	\$3.1 billion \$104.9 million not pursued	\$3,500 million \$172 million	\$3,700 mi
Superannuation guarantee distributed as a proportion of superannuation guarantee raised	New measure for 2023–24	Not applicable	Under developm
Superannuation guarantee charge raised and distributed within 12 months	New measure for 2023–24	Not applicable	Under developm

Table 21B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance	Performance	Performance	Performar
	target	target	target
measure	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27

Superannuation See note 14 guarantee gap as a proportion of superannuation guarantee contributions	See note 14
Value of \$1,099 million \$1,184 million superannuation raised raised guarantee charge:	\$1,184 milli- raised
 raised (including penalties and interest) \$642 million collected collected *collected 	\$692 millio collected
Value of \$578 million \$622 million superannuation guarantee entitlements distributed to individuals or superannuation funds	\$622 millio
Value of \$4,000 million \$4,300 million superannuation	\$4,300 mill
guarantee debt on hand and \$183 million \$189 million the amount of superannuation guarantee debt irrecoverable at law or uneconomical to pursue	\$189 millio
Superannuation Under Under guarantee development development distributed as a proportion of superannuation guarantee raised	Under developme

Superannuation guarantee charge raised and distributed within 12 months	Under development	Under development	Under developme

¹⁴ Reduce the gap to a level as low as practicable given the nature and complexity of the law and the resources available.

1.15 Interest on unclaimed superannuation accounts paid

Table 22A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022-23	Performance target 2023-24
Proportion of unclaimed superannuation accounts where interest is paid compared to total accounts transferred	New measure for 2023– 24	Not applicable	100%

Table 22B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance target 2024-25	Performance target 2025-26	Performar target 2026-27
Proportion of unclaimed superannuation accounts where interest is paid	100%	100%	100%

¹⁵ For further details, see Principles and approaches to measuring gaps, available at ato.gov.au/taxgap

1.17 Bad and Doubtful Debts and Remissions

Table 23A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023-24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022–23	Performance target 2023-24
Ratio of debt uneconomical to pursue to net tax collections	0.2%	Below 1%	Below 1%

Table 23B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance target 2024–25	Performance target 2025-26	Performand target 2026–27
Ratio of debt uneconomical to pursue to net tax collections	Below 1%	Below 1%	Below 1%

1.18 Seafarer Tax Offset

Table 24A: Latest performance results and performance targets for 2022–23 to 2023–24

Performance measure	Latest result (2021– 22)	Performance target 2022-23	Performance target 2023-24
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Table 24B: Performance targets for 2024–25 to 2026–27

Performance measure	Performance target 2024–25	Performance target 2025–26	Performand target 2026–27
Eligible taxpayers are aware of how to claim the offset	100%	100%	100%

Other administered programs

Table 25: Administered programs with a performance target of administering the program in accordance with the law

Administered program	Performance measure	Latest result (2021–22)	Data sources
1.5 Australian Screen and Digital Game Production Incentive	Value of tax offsets processed	\$213 million	ATO systems
1.8 National Rental Affordability Scheme	Value of tax offsets processed	\$162.3 million	ATO financial statements
1.12 Private Health Insurance Rebate	Value of rebates processed	\$237 million	ATO financial statements

1.16 Interest on Overpayment and Early Payments of Tax Value of credit interest applied to client accounts \$61.9 million

ATO systems

QC 73075

Acronyms and initialisms

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ABN	Australian business number
ABR	Australian Business Register
ABRS	Australian Business Registry Services
ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics
ACNC	Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission
ACNC Act	Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012
APRA	Australian Prudential Regulation Authority
APS	Australian Public Service
ASIC	Australian Securities and Investments Commission
ATO	Australian Taxation Office
D&A	data and analytics
DFAT	Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade
director ID	director identification number

FTA	Forum on Tax Administration
GST	goods and services tax
ICT	information and communications technology
PGPA Act	Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013
RDTI	Research and Development Tax Incentives
SG	superannuation guarantee
SGC	superannuation guarantee charge
TASA	Tax Agent Services Act 2009
TPB	Tax Practitioners Board

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