

Personal living expenses comprehensive worksheet

This worksheet describes the type of information we request during an audit.

Depending on the circumstances, we may require additional information and documentation.

HOW TO USE THIS WORKSHEET

You can use this worksheet to:

- self-assess your risk of us selecting you for an audit
- find out if you need to improve your business and record keeping practices.

List all sources of your incoming funds and all household outgoings. You should add details of any income or expenses not already categorised. If you want a snapshot of household incomings and outgoings, use the *Personal living expenses concise worksheet* (NAT 72960).

HOW DOES IT WORK?

By comparing annual household incoming funds and expenditure, you can self-assess whether your declared income is enough to support your actual lifestyle.

HOUSEHOLD INCOMING FUNDS FROM ALL SOURCES								
Source categories		Month	Annual					
Householder income from tax return	After tax							
Spouse income from tax return	After tax							
Other household members income from tax return	After tax							
Benefits received	Pension, benefits, Centrelink allowances (including Family Tax Benefit Part A and Part B), superannuation received							
Child support received								
Sale of assets	Trade in vehicles, antiques, real estate							
Gifts received	Funds received from family members and others							
Inheritance								
Dividends and interest (If not already included in income from tax return)								
Windfall gains	Prizes, lotteries, gambling							
Non-business loans	Funds received from family members and others							
Other sources of funds	Scholarships, grants, any other income funds not included in income tax returns or above							
Total annual household funds available								

NAT 72959-12.2015 Page 1

ALL ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD OUTGOINGS

Outgoing categories		Month	Annual	
Housing	Rent, mortgage, insurance, maintenance, rates and taxes, body corporate fees, renovations			
	Furnishings and equipment (furniture, appliances, linen, cutlery, glassware and tools)			
Food and groceries	Groceries, meat, fruit and vegetables, pet food			
	Tobacco and alcohol			
Utilities	Heating, power, water and sewerage			
Services	Phone, postage, pest control, gardening, swimming pool costs, housekeeping and security			
Entertainment and recreation	Eating out, takeaways, lunches and coffees			
	TV, radio, stereo, home entertainment, computer, software, newspapers, magazine subscriptions, books, CDs, DVDs, sporting equipment, toys			
	Sporting fees, cinema, theatre, concerts, pay TV, internet access, entrance fees			
	Lottery tickets, gambling			
Clothing	Clothing and footwear			
Grooming	Personal care, toiletries, cosmetics, haircuts			
Motor vehicles, caravans, trailers, boats	Payments			
	Fuel, tyres, registration, insurance, maintenance, car parking fares and tolls			
Health care	Health insurance, medicine, natural remedies, doctor, dentist, specialists, optical, physiotherapy, massage, acupuncture, chiropractor etc			
Superannuation	Contributions			
Loan repayments (other than home loan on principle	Credit card			
residence)	Line of credit			
	Personal loan			
Holidays	Domestic and international airfares, accommodation, camping fees			
Significant purchases	Shares, investments			
Bank account deposits	Savings etc			
Schooling	Private school fees, books, uniforms, incidentals, university expenses, childcare			
Child support payments				
Other household expenses	Money transferred overseas, support of relatives, any other expenses not already included			
Total annual household outg	goings			

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Total annual household funds available – total annual household outgoings = difference

It is important that the details provided are as comprehensive as possible. The incomings and outgoings figures above should reflect your actual details. You should include additional information where necessary.

No Yes If your outgoings exceed your incoming funds, you need to look at your records and consider how the difference can be explained. In an audit situation, if you can't explain the difference and don't have suitable documentary evidence, your income tax assessments will be amended and penalties may apply. Your tax practitioner may be able to advise you on business and record keeping practices. VOLUNTARY DISCLOSURE If after completing a personal living expenses worksheet you find a discrepancy, you may need to make adjustments to your reported income or consider making a voluntary disclosure. When preparing current year tax returns, it may be helpful to inform us about any income that may have been omitted from previous income tax returns or activity statements.

MORE INFORMATION

For more information about:

small business benchmarks, visit our website at www.ato.gov.au/businessbenchmarks

If you make a voluntary disclosure before an audit begins, reduced penalties may apply.

- record keeping for small businesses, visit our website at www.ato.gov.au/recordkeeping
- our approach to the cash economy, visit our website at www.ato.gov.au/casheconomy
- how we can help your small business
 - visit our website at www.ato.gov.au/businesses

Do your total outgoings exceed your incomings?

- phone us on 13 28 66 between 8.00am and 6.00pm, Monday to Friday.

If you do not speak English well and need help from the ATO, phone the Translating and Interpreting Service on 13 14 50.

If you are deaf, or have a hearing or speech impairment, phone the ATO through the National Relay Service (NRS) on the numbers listed below:

For more information about voluntary disclosures, visit our website at www.ato.gov.au/voldisclosureform

- TTY users, phone 13 36 77 and ask for the ATO number you need
- Speak and Listen (speech-to-speech relay) users, phone 1300 555 727 and ask for the ATO number you need
- internet relay users, connect to the NRS on www.relayservice.com.au and ask for the ATO number you need.