

Schedule 8 - Pay as you go (PAYG) withholding

NAT 3539

Schedule 8 – Statement of formulas for calculating study and training support loans components

This schedule applies to payments made from 24 September 2025 to 30 June 2026.

Using this schedule

This withholding schedule is made by the Commissioner of Taxation in accordance with sections 15-25 and 15-30 of Schedule 1 to the *Taxation Administration Act 1953* (TAA). It applies to withholding payments covered by Subdivisions 12-B (except sections 12-50 and 12-55), 12-C (except sections 12-85 and 12-90) and 12-D of Schedule 1 to the TAA.

The coefficients in this schedule should be used together with Schedule 1 – Statement of formulas for calculating amounts to be withheld (NAT 1004).

Use this schedule if you develop your own payroll or accounting software package. Formulas and coefficients are used for calculating weekly withholding amounts for payees who have a:

- Higher Education Loan Program (HELP) debt
- VET Student Loan (VSL) debt
- Financial Supplement (FS) debt
- Student Start-up Loan (SSL) debt (includes ABSTUDY SSL debts)
- Australian Apprenticeship Support Loan (AASL) debt (formerly Trade Support Loan debt).

You can also use the tax withheld calculator to help you work out the correct amount of tax to withhold from payments to most payees.

To access the calculator visit our website ato.gov.au/taxwithheldcalculator

Using a formula

The withholding amounts for payees who have a study and training support loans debt can be expressed in a mathematical form.

If you have developed your own payroll or accounting software package, use the formulas and component rates outlined below on page 2.

From 2025–26 onwards, the system for student loan repayments has changed to a marginal repayment system. For more information on the marginal repayment system, refer to *Study and training loans - what's new* (QC 59241).

This has resulted in changes to the formula to calculate the Student and training support loans (STSL) component amount.

The formulas comprise linear equations of the form $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{a}\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{b}$, where:

- y is the weekly study and training support loans component
- x is the weekly earnings rounded down to whole dollars plus 99 cents
- a and b are the values of the coefficients for each set of formulas for each range of weekly earnings, (or, in the case of fortnightly, monthly, or quarterly earnings, the weekly equivalent of these amounts) as shown in the tables on page 2.

Study and training support loans component rates

Tax-free threshold claimed or foreign resident

Weekly earnings (x) less than \$	а	b
1,288	0.00	0.0000
2,403	0.15	193.2692
3,447	0.17	241.3462
3,447 & over	0.10	0.0000

No tax-free threshold claimed

Weekly earnings (x) less than \$	a	b
938	0.00	0.0000
2,053	0.15	140.7692
2,597	0.17	181.8462
2,597 & over	0.10	0.0000

Calculating fortnightly, monthly or quarterly withholding amounts

First calculate the weekly equivalent of fortnightly, monthly or quarterly earnings. If you pay:

- fortnightly divide the sum of the fortnightly earnings and the amount of any allowances subject to withholding by 2. Ignore any cents in the result and then add 99 cents
- monthly obtain the sum of the monthly earnings and the amount of any allowances subject to withholding (if the result is an amount ending in 33 cents, add one cent). Multiply this amount by 3 and then divide by 13. Ignore any cents in the result and then add 99 cents
- quarterly divide the sum of the quarterly earnings and the amount of any allowances subject to withholding by 13.
 Ignore any cents in the result and then add 99 cents.

Then calculate fortnightly, monthly or quarterly withholding amounts as follows:

- fortnightly determine the rounded weekly withholding amount applicable to the weekly equivalent of earnings before any adjustment for tax offsets. Multiply this amount by 2
- monthly determine the rounded weekly withholding amount applicable to the weekly equivalent of earnings before any adjustment for tax offsets. Multiply this amount by 13, divide the product by 3 and round the result to the nearest dollar
- quarterly determine the rounded weekly withholding amount applicable to the weekly equivalent of earnings before any adjustment for tax offsets. Multiply this amount by 13.

When to work out the study and training support loans component

You will need to calculate the study and training support loans component when your payee has given you a *Tax file number declaration* (NAT 3092) or *Withholding declaration* (NAT 3093) and has:

- answered yes to the question on whether they have a
 - Higher Education Loan Program (HELP) debt
 - VET Student Loan (VSL) debt
 - Financial Supplement (FS) debt
 - Student Start-up Loan (SSL) debt (including ABSTUDY SSL debts) or
 - Australian Apprenticeship Support Loan (AASL) debt (formerly Trade Support Loan debt).
- not completed a Medicare levy variation declaration (NAT 0929) claiming a reduction or exemption in the Medicare levy for having a spouse or dependants and low family income
- claimed the tax-free threshold or is a foreign resident with earnings of one of the following
 - \$1,288 or more if paid weekly
 - \$2,576 or more if paid fortnightly
 - \$5,581.33 or more if paid monthly
 - \$16,744 or more if paid quarterly.

If your payee has not claimed the tax-free threshold, the study and training support loans component is calculated on earnings of:

- \$938 or more if paid weekly
- \$1,876 or more if paid fortnightly
- \$4,064.67 or more if paid monthly
- \$12,194 or more if paid quarterly.

You must withhold the study and training support loans component from all your payee's earnings, including taxable allowances, bonuses and commissions.

Example 1: weekly earnings

A payee has claimed the tax-free threshold and has weekly earnings of \$2,608.36.

x = 2,608.99

Weekly withholding amount (y)

- = ax b
- $= (0.1700 \times 2,608.99) 241.3462$
- = 202.1821 or \$202.00 (rounded to the nearest dollar)

Weekly STSL component = \$202

Example 2: fortnightly earnings

A payee has claimed the tax-free threshold and has fortnightly earnings of \$4,409.75.

Convert to weekly equivalent

- $= 4,409.75 \div 2$
- = 2,204.88 or \$2,204 (ignore cents)
- x = 2,204.99

Weekly withholding amount (y)

- = ax b
- $= (0.1500 \times 2,204.99) 193.2692$
- = 137.4793 or \$137.00 (rounded to the nearest dollar)

Convert back to fortnightly

 $= 274.00 (137.00 \times 2)$

Fortnightly STSL component = \$274

Example 3: monthly earnings

A payee has not claimed the tax-free threshold and has monthly earnings of \$10,627.88.

Convert to weekly equivalent

- $= 10,627.88 \times 3 \div 13$
- = 2,452.59 or \$2,452 (ignore cents)
- x = 2,452.99

Weekly withholding amount (y)

- = ax b
- $= (0.1700 \times 2,452.99) 181.8462$
- = 235.1621 or \$235.00 (rounded to the nearest dollar)

Convert back to monthly

 $= 1,018.33 (235.00 \times 13 \div 3)$

Monthly STSL component = \$1,018

(rounded to the nearest dollar)

Do not withhold any amount for study and training support loans debts from lump sum termination payments.

Coefficients to work out the weekly amounts to withhold

Your payee's total withholding, including the study and training support loans component, can be calculated using the formula and coefficients stated below.

Using a formula

The formulas comprise linear equations of the form $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{ax} - \mathbf{b}$, where:

- y is the weekly withholding amount expressed in dollars
- **x** is the number of whole dollars in the weekly earnings plus 99 cents
- a and b are the values of the coefficients for each set
 of formulas for each range of weekly earnings (or, in the
 case of fortnightly, monthly or quarterly earnings, the
 weekly equivalent of these amounts).

If 2 payees are taxed using a particular scale (for example, scale 2) but only one of them has a study and training support loans debt, you will need to set up 2 separate scales in your payroll system. One scale will need to incorporate the study and training support loans component and one will not – for example, name one 'scale 2' and the other 'scale 22'.

The study and training support loans component **does not** apply if the payee has not provided a tax file number (TFN).

For scales without the study and training support loans component, refer to Schedule 1 – Statement of formulas for calculating amounts to be withheld (NAT 1004).

Where tax-free threshold NOT claimed in Tax file number declaration – scale 1

With study and training support loans debt

Weekly earnings (x) less than \$	а	b
150	0.1600	0.1600
371	0.2117	7.7550
515	0.1890	-0.6702
932	0.3227	68.2367
938	0.3200	65.7202
2,053	0.4700	206.4894
2,246	0.4900	247.5663
2,597	0.5600	404.7971
3,303	0.4900	222.9510
3,303 & over	0.5700	487.2587

Note:

Scale 1 contains a negative value for one of the 'b' coefficients. This is intentional.

Where payee has claimed the tax free threshold in Tax file number declaration with or without leave loading – scale 2

With study and training support loans debt

Weekly earnings (x) less than \$	а	b
361	0.0000	0.0000
500	0.1600	57.8462
625	0.2600	107.8462
721	0.1800	57.8462
865	0.1890	64.3365
1,282	0.3227	180.0385
1,288	0.3200	176.5769
2,403	0.4700	369.8462
2,596	0.4900	417.9231
3,447	0.5600	599.6538
3,653	0.4900	358.3077
3,653 & over	0.5700	650.6154

Foreign residents – scale 3

With study and training support loans debt

Weekly earnings (x) less than \$	а	b
1,288	0.3000	0.3000
2,403	0.4500	193.2692
2,596	0.4700	241.3462
3,447	0.5400	423.0769
3,653	0.4700	181.7308
3,653 & over	0.5500	474.0385

Where payee claimed FULL exemption from Medicare levy in Medicare levy variation declaration – scale 5

With study and training support loans debt

Weekly earnings (x) less than \$	a	b
361	0.0000	0.0000
721	0.1600	57.8462
865	0.1690	64.3365
1,282	0.3027	180.0385
1,288	0.3000	176.5769
2,403	0.4500	369.8462
2,596	0.4700	417.9231
3,447	0.5400	599.6538
3,653	0.4700	358.3077
3,653 & over	0.5500	650.6154

Where payee claimed HALF exemption from Medicare levy in Medicare levy variation declaration – scale 6

With study and training support loans debt

Weekly earnings (x) less than \$	а	b
-	~	
361	0.0000	0.0000
721	0.1600	57.8462
843	0.1690	64.3365
865	0.2190	106.4962
1,053	0.3527	222.1981
1,282	0.3127	180.0385
1,288	0.3100	176.5769
2,403	0.4600	369.8462
2,596	0.4800	417.9231
3,447	0.5500	599.6538
3,653	0.4800	358.3077
3,653 & over	0.5600	650.6154

Rounding of withholding amounts

Withholding amounts calculated as a result of applying the formulas are rounded to the nearest dollar. Values ending in 50 cents are rounded to the next higher dollar. Do this rounding directly – that is, do not make a preliminary rounding to the nearest cent.

Software

Payroll or accounting software written in accordance with the formulas in this schedule should be tested for accuracy against the sample data provided at ato.gov.au/taxtables. The results obtained when using the coefficients in this schedule may differ slightly from the sums of the amounts shown in the pay as you go (PAYG) tax tables. The differences result from the rounding of components. Withholding calculated using either method is accepted.

PAYG withholding publications

You can access all PAYG withholding tax tables and other PAYG withholding publications at:

- · ato.gov.au/taxtables
- ato.gov.au/paygw

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