



Product Ruling

Income tax: W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014

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❗ This publication provides you with the following level of protection:

This publication (excluding appendixes) is a public ruling for the purposes of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953*.

A public ruling is an expression of the Commissioner's opinion about the way in which a relevant provision applies, or would apply, to entities generally or to a class of entities in relation to a particular scheme or a class of schemes.

If you rely on this ruling, the Commissioner must apply the law to you in the way set out in the ruling (unless the Commissioner is satisfied that the ruling is incorrect and disadvantages you, in which case the law may be applied to you in a way that is more favourable for you – provided the Commissioner is not prevented from doing so by a time limit imposed by the law). You will be protected from having to pay any underpaid tax, penalty or interest in respect of the matters covered by this ruling if it turns out that it does not correctly state how the relevant provision applies to you.

No guarantee of commercial success

The Commissioner **does not** sanction or guarantee this product. Further, the Commissioner gives no assurance that the product is commercially viable, that charges are reasonable, appropriate or represent industry norms, or that projected returns will be achieved or are reasonably based.

Potential participants must form their own view about the commercial and financial viability of the product. The Commissioner recommends a financial (or other) adviser be consulted for such information.

This Product Ruling provides certainty for potential participants by confirming that the tax benefits set out in the **Ruling** part of this document are available, **provided that** the scheme is carried out in accordance with the information we have been given, and have described below in the **Scheme** part of this document. If the scheme is not carried out as described, participants lose the protection of this Product Ruling.

Terms of use of this Product Ruling

This Product Ruling has been given on the basis that the entity(s) who applied for the Product Ruling, and their associates, will abide by strict terms of use. Any failure to comply with the terms of use may lead to the withdrawal of this Product Ruling.

What this Ruling is about

1. This Product Ruling sets out the Commissioner's opinion on the way in which the relevant provisions identified in the Ruling section (below) apply to the defined class of entities, who take part in the scheme to which this Ruling relates. In this Product Ruling this scheme is referred to as the scheme, the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 or simply as 'the Project'.
2. All legislative references in this Product Ruling are to the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* (ITAA 1997) unless otherwise indicated. Where used in this Product Ruling, the word 'associate' has the meaning given in section 318 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* (ITAA 1936). In this Product Ruling, terms defined in the Project Agreements have been capitalised.

Class of entities

3. This part of the Product Ruling specifies which entities:
 - are subject to the taxation obligations, and
 - can rely on the taxation benefits,set out in the Ruling section of this Product Ruling.
4. The members of the class of entities who are subject to those taxation obligations and who can rely on those taxation benefits are referred to in this Product Ruling as Growers.
5. Growers are those entities that:
 - meet the definition of 'initial participant' in subsection 394-15(5), and
 - are accepted to take part in the scheme specified below on or before 30 June 2014.
6. A Grower will have executed the relevant Project Agreements set out in paragraph 47 on or before 30 June 2014 and will hold a 'forestry interest' in the Project.
7. The class of entities who can rely on this Product Ruling does **not** include:
 - entities who are accepted into this Project before the date of this Ruling or after 30 June 2014
 - entities who participate in the scheme through offers made other than through the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 Combined Product Disclosure Statement and Financial Services Guide, or who enter into an undisclosed arrangement with:
 - the promoter or a promoter associate, or
 - an independent adviser

that is interdependent with scheme obligations and/or scheme benefits (which may include tax benefits or Harvest returns) in any way

- entities whose Establishment fee, including all loan moneys, are not paid in full to W.A. Blue Gum Limited by 30 June 2014, either by the Grower and/or on the Grower's behalf by a lending institution
- entities who enter finance agreements with Albany Financial Pty Ltd outside the terms specified in paragraphs 92 to 96 of this Ruling, or
- entities who enter into a Joint Growers Agreement.

Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993

8. This Product Ruling does not address the provisions of the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (SISA 1993). The ATO gives no assurance that the product is an appropriate investment for a superannuation fund. The trustees of superannuation funds are advised that no consideration has been given in this Product ruling as to whether investment in this product may contravene the provisions of SISA 1993.

Qualifications

9. The class of entities defined in this Product Ruling may rely on its contents provided the scheme actually carried out is carried out in accordance with the scheme described in paragraphs 48 to 96 of this Ruling.

10. If the scheme actually carried out is materially different from the scheme that is described in this Product Ruling, then:

- this Product Ruling has no binding effect on the Commissioner because the scheme entered into is not the scheme on which the Commissioner has ruled, and
- this Product Ruling may be withdrawn or modified.

Date of effect

11. This Product Ruling applies prospectively from 4 June 2014, the date this Product Ruling is published. It therefore applies only to the specified class of entities that enter into the scheme from 4 June 2014 until 30 June 2014, being the closing date for entry into the scheme. This Product Ruling provides advice on the availability of tax benefits to the specified class of entities for all income years up to the income year in which the scheme is terminated in accordance with the Project Agreements.

12. However, this Product Ruling only applies to the extent that there is no change in the scheme or in the entity's involvement in the scheme.

Changes in the law

13. Although this Product Ruling deals with the income tax laws enacted at the time it was issued, later amendments to the law may impact on this Product Ruling. Any such changes will take precedence over the application of this Product Ruling and, to that extent, this Product Ruling will have no effect.

14. Entities who are considering participating in the scheme are advised to confirm with their taxation adviser that changes in the law have not affected this Product Ruling since it was issued.

Note to promoters and advisers

15. Product Rulings were introduced for the purpose of providing certainty about tax consequences for entities in schemes such as this. In keeping with that intention the Commissioner suggests that promoters and advisers ensure that participants are fully informed of any legislative changes after this Product Ruling has issued.

Goods and Services Tax

16. All amounts and percentages referred to in this Product Ruling exclude the Goods and Services Tax (GST), unless otherwise specified. The transactions in respect of this scheme may, where appropriate, have GST implications.

Ruling

Structure of the Project

17. The W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 is a 'forestry managed investment scheme' as defined in subsection 394-15(1). Its purpose is the Establishment (by way of planting and/or Coppicing) and tending of *Eucalyptus globulus* (Tasmanian Blue Gum) trees for felling in Australia.

18. Subject to the stated qualifications, this part of the Product Ruling sets out in detail the taxation obligations and benefits for an 'initial participant'¹ in the defined class of entities (see paragraphs 3 to 6 above) who is accepted to participate in the 'forestry managed investment scheme' described below at paragraphs 48 to 96 of this Ruling between the date this Product Ruling is published and 30 June 2014 inclusive.

¹ See subsection 394-15(5).

19. An entity that takes part in the Project as a 'subsequent participant'² is not covered by this Product Ruling but may request a private ruling on their participation in the Project. A 'subsequent participant' is an entity that does not meet the definition of 'initial participant' in subsection 394-15(5).

Carrying on an enterprise

20. Although not relevant for the purposes of Division 394, Growers who enter into the arrangement described in this Ruling will be carrying on an enterprise for the purposes of subsection 9-20(1) of the *A New Tax (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999* (GST Act) subject to the exclusions listed in subsection 9-20(2) of the GST Act.

Carrying on a business

21. Although not relevant for the purposes of Division 394, a Grower (as described in paragraphs 3 to 7) who will stay in the Project until it is completed will be considered to be carrying on a business of primary production. Such Growers who are individuals, alone or in partnership, will be subject to the operation of Division 35 (see paragraphs 42 to 45 and 133 to 139 of this Ruling).

Concessions for 'small business entities'³

22. From the 2007-08 income year, a range of concessions previously available under the simplified tax system (STS), will be available to an entity if it carries on a business and satisfies the \$2 million aggregated turnover test (a 'small business entity').

23. A 'small business entity' can choose the concessions that best suit its needs. Eligibility for some small business concessions is also dependent on satisfying some additional conditions. Because of these choices and the eligibility conditions, the application of the small business concessions to Growers who qualify as a 'small business entity' is not able to be dealt with in this Product Ruling.

The '70% DFE rule' and the Establishment of the trees

Section 394-35 and subsection 394-10(4)

24. The taxation obligations and benefits set out below have been determined using the information provided to the Commissioner by W.A. Blue Gum Limited. On the basis of that information, the Commissioner has decided that on 30 June 2014 it will be reasonable to expect that the '70% DFE rule'⁴ will be satisfied. The Australian Taxation Office (ATO) may undertake review activities during the term of the Project to verify the information relied on for the purposes of the '70% DFE rule'.

² See section 394-30.

³ The meaning of 'small business entity' is explained in section 328-110.

⁴ See paragraph 394-10(1)(c). The '70% DFE rule' is set out in section 394-35.

25. This Ruling will only apply if W.A. Blue Gum Limited Establishes all of the trees that were intended to be Established under the Project within 18 months of the end of the income year in which an amount is first paid under the Project by a 'participant' in the Project.⁵ For this Project, the trees must be Established by 31 December 2015.

26. In the context of this Project the trees will be Established when they are planted and/or Coppiced on the Land acquired for the purposes of the Project at the average rate of 900 trees per hectare. W.A. Blue Gum Limited is required by section 394-10 of Schedule 1 to the *Taxation Administration Act 1953* (TAA) to notify the Commissioner if all of the trees are not Established by 31 December 2015.

Allowable deductions

Sections 8-5, 394-10, 394-20 and paragraph 394-40(d)

27. A Grower in the Project can claim deductions for the amounts shown in the Table below that are paid to W.A. Blue Gum Limited as the Responsible Entity for the Project (sections 8-5 and 394-10).

28. The deductibility of these amounts remains subject to a requirement that:

- the Responsibility Entity Establishes all of the trees that were intended to be Established under the Project within 18 months of the end of the income year in which an amount is first paid under the Project by a 'participant' in the Project, and
- a CGT event⁶ does not happen in relation to the Grower's 'forestry interest' within four years after the end of the income year in which the Grower first paid an amount under the Project (i.e. before 1 July 2018). This is otherwise known as the 'four year holding period'- see paragraphs 32 to 35 below.

29. The amount is deductible in the income year in which it is paid, or is paid on behalf of the Grower (subsection 394-10(2) and section 394-20). This requires cash to flow from the Grower, or from another entity on the Grower's behalf, to W.A. Blue Gum Limited's bank account in the year in which the deduction is claimed. Any form of payment that does not involve the movement of cash into W.A. Blue Gum Limited's bank account will not qualify for a deduction under subsection 394-10(2).

30. Where an amount is not fully paid by a Grower, or on their behalf, in an income year, the amount is deductible only to the extent to which it has been paid. Any unpaid amount is then deductible in the year or years in which it is actually paid.

⁵ See paragraph 394-10(1)(f) and subsection 394-10(4).

⁶ Defined in subsection 995-1(1).

31. Amounts that are allowable deductions under Division 394 cannot also be claimed as deductions under section 8-1 (section 8-10).

Fee	Amount	Year(s) deductible
Establishment fee	\$3,563.64 per forestry interest (\$17,818.20 for the minimum of five forestry interests)	Income year ended 30 June 2014 See Note (i)
Annual tending fee	\$110 per forestry interest per annum, indexed annually (\$550 for the minimum of five forestry interests)	The income year in which annual tending fee is paid See Note (i) and (ii)
Annual Rent	\$400 per forestry interest per annum, indexed annually (\$2,000 for the minimum of five forestry interests)	The income year in which annual Rent is paid See Notes (i) and (iii)
Harvesting, delivery and supervision expenses	As paid	The income year(s) in which such expenses are paid See Note (i)
Incentive fee	15% of [the amount due to the Grower per hectare, less \$16,363.64 (indexed annually), multiplied by the number of hectares of plantable area]	The income year in which incentive fee is paid See Note (i)
Unforeseen expenses in relation to fertiliser and/or insect issues	As paid	The income year(s) in which such expenses are paid See note (i)

Notes:

- (i) The amounts shown are GST exclusive. Whether registered for GST or not, a Grower cannot treat GST payments as a payment under a forestry managed investment scheme (paragraph 394-40(d)).
- (ii) The tending services will commence from when the trees are Coppiced or planted and continue until the trees have been Harvested. No tending fee is payable in respect of any income year ended 30 June for any hectare upon which no trees have been Coppiced or planted. The tending fee is deductible when paid.
- (iii) Rent is payable under the terms of the Sub-lease W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 which will commence on or after execution of the respective head lease held by W.A. Blue Gum Limited. Where the head lease and subsequent Sub-leases have not been executed, no deduction can be claimed for rent in the financial year.

'CGT event' within four years for Growers who are 'initial participants'

Subsections 394-10(5), 394-10(5A), 394-10(6) and section 394-25

32. Deductions for the Establishment fees, the tending fees, the rent and the unforeseen expenses in relation to fertiliser and/or insect issues are not allowable where a 'CGT event' happens in relation to the 'forestry interest' of a Grower before 1 July 2018 (subsection 394-10(5)).

33. Where deductions for these amounts have already been claimed by a Grower, the Commissioner may amend their assessment at any time within two years after the 'CGT event' (subsection 394-10(6)). The Commissioner's power to amend in these circumstances applies despite section 170 of the ITAA 1936.

34. Growers whose deductions are disallowed because of subsection 394-10(5) are still required by section 394-25 to include in assessable income the market value of the 'forestry interest' at the time of the 'CGT event', or any decrease in the market value of the 'forestry interest', as a result of the 'CGT event'.

35. However, deductions will not be affected where the 'CGT event' happens because of circumstances outside the Grower's control and the Grower could not reasonably have foreseen the 'CGT event' happening when they acquired the 'forestry interest' (subsection 394-10(5A)).

Interest on loans to finance the 'forestry interest', credit card merchant fees, and fire insurance costs of a Grower

Section 8-1

36. Interest incurred by a Grower on a loan with Albany Financial Pty Ltd to fund their investment in the Project is deductible in the income year in which the interest is incurred provided the interest is not prepaid or paid in advance (paragraph 8-1(1)(a)). Growers who borrow from other financiers or who prepay their interest with Albany Financial Pty Ltd may apply for a private ruling on the deductibility of the interest incurred or may self-assess the deductibility of the interest incurred.

37. Credit card merchant fees incurred by a Grower in paying any fees under the Project will be deductible under section 8-1. The deduction is allowable in the year in which the merchant fee is incurred.

38. Fire insurance costs paid to the Responsible Entity are deductible under section 8-1 in the income year in which they are incurred. Amounts received from any fire insurance claims will be assessable income in the financial year in which they are derived.

Assessable income, 'CGT events' and the 'forestry interests' of Growers who are 'initial participants'**Sections 6-10, 17-5, and 394-25**

39. Where a 'CGT event' (other than a 'CGT event' that happens in respect of thinning⁷) happens to a 'forestry interest' held by a Grower in this Project, the market value of the 'forestry interest', or any decrease in the market value of the 'forestry interest', is included in the assessable income of the Grower (sections 6-10 and 394-25), less any GST payable on those proceeds (section 17-5).

40. The relevant amount is included in the Grower's assessable income in the income year in which the 'CGT event' happens (subsection 394-25(2)).

41. 'CGT events' for these purposes include those relating to:

- a **clear-fell Harvest of all or part of the trees** grown under the Project
- the **sale, or any other disposal** of all or part of the 'forestry interest' held by the Grower, or
- any other 'CGT event' that results in a reduction of the market value of the 'forestry interest' held by the Grower.

Amounts received by Growers for carbon or other environmental credits, and insurance proceeds**Sections 6-5 and 17-5**

42. An amount received by a Grower in respect of sales of carbon or other environmental credits, or the receipt of insurance proceeds, constitutes a distribution of 'ordinary income' that arises as an incident of the Grower holding an interest in the Project. Growers should include their share of any such amounts received in their assessable income in the income year in which those amounts are derived (section 6-5) less any GST payable on those proceeds (section 17-5).

Division 35 – deferral of losses from non-commercial business activities**Section 35-55 – annual exercise of Commissioner's discretion**

43. For each of the income years ended 30 June 2014 to 30 June 2024, the Commissioner will exercise the discretion in subsection 35-55(1) once the following conditions are satisfied for the year concerned:

- the Grower carried on their business of forestry during the income year

⁷ Thinning of the trees includes a selective Harvest of immature trees to facilitate better outcomes at Harvest. Thinning differs from a clear-fell of a percentage of mature trees which may occur over two or more income years.

- the business activity that is carried on is not materially different to that in the scheme described in this Product Ruling, and
- the Grower has incurred a taxation loss for the income year from carrying on that business activity.

44. If these conditions are met for a given year, the Commissioner will exercise the discretion for that year under:

- paragraph 35-55(1)(b) for a Grower in the Project who satisfies the income requirement in subsection 35-10(2E), and
- paragraph 35-55(1)(c) for a Grower in the Project who does not satisfy the income requirement in subsection 35-10(2E).

45. If the Commissioner determines that the discretion will not be exercised for a particular year or years, the Grower will be informed of that decision and the reasons. In any year where the discretion is not exercised, losses incurred by a Grower will be subject to the loss deferral rule in section 35-10 and the Grower will not be able to offset the losses from the Project against other assessable income.

46. The issue of this Product Ruling, of itself, does not constitute the exercise of the Commissioner's discretion in subsection 35-55(1) for any income year.

Prepayment provisions and anti-avoidance provisions

Sections 82KZM, 82KZME, 82KZMF, 82KL and Part IVA of the ITAA 1936

47. Where a Grower is accepted to participate in the Project set out at paragraphs 48 to 96 of this Ruling, the following provisions of the ITAA 1936 have application as indicated:

- interest paid by a Grower to Albany Financial Pty Ltd (see paragraphs 95 and 96 of this Ruling) does not fall within the scope of sections 82KZM, 82KZME and 82KZMF
- section 82KL does not apply to deny the deductions otherwise allowable, and
- the relevant provisions in Part IVA will not be applied to cancel a 'tax benefit' obtained under a tax law dealt with in this Ruling.

Scheme

48. The scheme that is the subject of this Ruling is specified below. This scheme incorporates the following:

- Application for a Product Ruling as constituted by documents dated 14 March 2014, received on 18 March 2014, and additional correspondence and documents received on 9 April 2014 and 7 May 2014
- Draft Combined Product Disclosure Statement and Financial Services Guide for the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014, received on 18 March 2014
- Draft Constitution for the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 received on 18 March 2014
- Draft Compliance Plan for the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 received on 18 March 2014
- Draft **Project Management Contract** for the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 entered into by each Grower and W.A. Blue Gum Limited (as Project Manager), received on 18 March 2014, including the Draft Plantation Development and Tending Plan received on 18 March 2014
- Draft Plantation Services Agreement for the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 entered into by W.A. Blue Gum Limited (as Project Manager) and WACAP Treefarms Pty Ltd (as Forestry Contractor), received on 18 March 2014
- Draft Sub-lease between unidentified sub-lessor and W.A. Blue Gum Limited, received on 18 March 2014
- Draft **Sub-lease** for the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 between each Grower and W.A. Blue Gum Limited (as Landholder), received on 18 March 2014
- Draft **Agreement to Sub-lease** for the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 between W.A. Blue Gum Limited and each Grower, received on 18 March 2014
- Draft **Wood Purchase Agreement** for the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 between each Grower and W.A. Blue Gum Limited and W.A. Chip & Pulp Co Pty Ltd (as Purchaser), received on 18 March 2014
- Draft **Loan Agreement** for the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 between a Grower and Albany Financial Pty Ltd (as Financier) received on 18 March 2014
- Draft Scheme Property Custody Agreement between W.A. Blue Gum Limited and Sandhurst Trustees Limited (as the Custodian), received on 18 March 2014, and

- Draft Guarantee and Indemnity for W.A. Blue Gum Limited (as Project Manager) and draft Guarantee and Indemnity for Albany Financial Pty Ltd (as Financier), received on 18 March 2014 (guarantors required where the Grower is a company).

Note: certain information has been provided on a commercial-in-confidence basis and will not be disclosed or released under Freedom of Information legislation.

49. All Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) requirements are, or will be, complied with for the term of the agreements.

50. The documents highlighted are those that a Grower may enter into. For the purposes of describing the scheme to which this Ruling applies, there are no other agreements, whether formal or informal, and whether or not legally enforceable, which a Grower, or any associate of a Grower, will be a party to, which are a part of the scheme. The effect of these agreements is summarised as follows.

Overview

51. The main features of the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 are as follows:

Location	In the southwest of Western Australia, between Bunbury and Albany
Species of trees to be planted and/or Coppiced under the scheme	<i>Eucalyptus Globulus</i> (Tasmanian Blue Gum)
Term of the Project	Approximately 10 years
Date all trees are due to be planted and/or Coppiced on scheme Land	31 December 2015
Number of trees per hectare	Approximately 950
Number of hectares offered for cultivation	Approximately 800, subject to land being available
Size of each 'forestry interest'	One hectare
Minimum allocation of 'forestry interests' per Grower	Five forestry interests
Minimum subscription	None
Initial cost per forestry interest	\$3,563.64 Establishment fee (\$17,818.20 for the minimum of five forestry interests)
Ongoing annual costs per forestry interest	Tending fee of \$110, indexed annually (\$550 for the minimum of five forestry interests) Rent of \$400, indexed annually (\$2,000 for the minimum of five forestry interests)
Other costs	Harvest, delivery and supervision

	expenses Incentive fee Unforeseen expenses Fire insurance Transfer of interest fee
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52. The Project will be a registered managed investment scheme under the *Corporations Act 2001*. W.A. Blue Gum Limited has been issued with an Australian Financial Service Licence 246264 and will be the Responsible Entity for the Project.

53. The Project will involve the planting and growing of Tasmanian Blue Gums in the southwest region of Western Australia for the purpose of Harvest and sale of the timber.

54. An offer to participate in the Project will be made through the Combined Product Disclosure Statement and Financial Services Guide (CPDSFSG). The offer under the CPDSFSG is for up to 800 hectares, which corresponds to 800 'forestry interests' in the Project.

55. An entity that participates in the Project as a Grower will do so by acquiring a 'forestry interest' in the Project on or before 30 June 2014, which will consist of a minimum of five forestry interests each of one hectare in size.

56. Applicants execute a Power of Attorney contained in the CPDSFSG. The Power of Attorney irrevocably appoints W.A. Blue Gum Limited to enter into, on behalf of the Grower, an Agreement to Sub-lease or a Sub-lease, a Project Management Contract, and a Wood Project Agreement.

57. For the purposes of this Ruling, Applicants who are accepted to participate in the Project and who execute the Agreement to Sub-lease or the Sub-lease, and the Project Management Contract, on or before 30 June 2014, will become Growers in the Project.

58. The Responsible Entity is currently seeking Land for the Project within the relevant geographic part of Australia. Land utilised by the Project must meet the requirements set out by the Independent Forester at page 40 of the Draft CPDSFSG.

59. Note that the CPDSFSG advises that where the Land for the Project is not available on or before 30 June 2014, acceptance of Applications is subject to Land being acquired and a Sub-lease being entered into on behalf of the Grower by 30 September 2015.

Constitution

60. The Constitution establishes the Project and operates as a deed binding all Growers and W.A. Blue Gum Limited. The Constitution sets out the terms and conditions under which W.A. Blue Gum Limited agrees to act as Responsible Entity and thereby manage the Project. Upon acceptance into the Project, Growers are bound by the Constitution by virtue of their participation in the Project.

61. In order to acquire an interest in the Project, an entity must make an Application for 'forestry interests' in accordance with clause 4 of the Constitution. Among other things, the Application must be completed in a form approved by the Responsible Entity, signed by or on behalf of the Applicant, lodged at the registered office of the Responsible Entity, and accompanied by payment of the Application Money in a form acceptable to the Responsible Entity.

62. Under clause 6 of the Constitution, the Responsible Entity will open an Application Fund with an Australian bank or financial institution into which all Application Monies received from applicants will be deposited.

63. Once the Responsible Entity has accepted the Application and issued an Interest to a Grower, an amount equal to the Application Money in the Application Fund will be transferred to the Responsible Entity (clause 6.4 of the Constitution).

64. In summary, the Constitution also sets out provisions relating to:

- the purpose of the Project (clause 2.2)
- the holding of the Project Property (clause 5)
- refunds of Application Money (clause 6.5)
- distribution of income to Growers (clause 7)
- the keeping of a register of Growers (clause 9)
- assignment of Grower Interests (clause 10)
- termination and expiry of the Project (clause 23), and
- the winding up of the Project (clause 24).

Compliance Plan

65. As required by the Corporations Act , W.A. Blue Gum Limited as the Responsible Entity has prepared a Compliance Plan. The purpose of the Compliance Plan is to ensure the Responsible Entity manages the Project in accordance with its obligations and responsibilities contained in the Constitution and the interests of Growers are protected.

Project Management Contract

66. In consideration of the Growers paying the fees set out in Schedule 2 to the Project Management Contract, W.A. Blue Gum Limited as Project Manager agrees to provide the Plantation Services to the Growers (clauses 3 and 14 of the Project Management Contract).

67. The Fees Payable under Schedule 2 are:

- the initial fee for the Establishment of the plantation
- the annual tending fee (once trees are Coppiced or planted)

- unforeseen expenses in relation to fertiliser and/or insect issues (if approved by Growers)
- Harvest expenses
- Delivery expenses, and
- other expenses arising out of the sale of the Wood.

68. The plantation Services to be provided by the Project Manager are set out at clause 4 of the Project Management Contract and include:

- the Establishment of the plantation no later than 31 December 2015
- Coppicing activities and the provision of sufficient healthy seedlings to achieve the stocking rate of 950 stems per hectare
- that third party public liability insurance and fire insurance (the latter at the cost of the Grower) must be provided.

69. Clause 5 of the Project Management Contract explains that the term of the contract starts on the Commencement Date and terminates when the whole of the plantation has been Harvested.

70. Clause 7 of the Project Management Contract details that any insurance proceeds following fire or other damage to the plantation will be pooled and distributed proportionally to 'affected' Growers.

71. Clause 11 of the Project Management Contract explains the Harvesting will be conducted in accordance with the Wood Purchase Agreement.

Plantation Services Agreement

72. The Project Manager will engage WACAP Treefarms Pty Ltd as Forestry Contractor to carry out the plantation services required to Establish and tend the plantation in accordance with the Plantation Development and Tending Plan.

Head Leases

73. The Responsible Entity will secure the Project Land by entering into a head lease or Sub-lease (or a number of such leases) with lessors on or before 30 September 2015 (the Forestry Contractor or the Purchaser may be lessors).

Sub-lease

74. Each Grower will execute a Sub-lease with W.A. Blue Gum Limited, as the Landholder, either at the time their Application is accepted or prior to 30 September 2015.

75. The Schedule to the Sub-lease will identify: the leased area; the plantable area; the rent payable by the Grower; the commencement date of the Sub-lease; that the term is until completion of Harvesting; and details of the relevant head lease(s).

76. The Sub-lease also provides that livestock can be grazed on the Leased Area, and that the Grower is entitled to any income derived from such grazing (except where by operation of the 'head lease', the head lessor grazes livestock). The Grower shall reimburse the Landholder for stamp duty in respect of the Sub-lease (clause 9.11(b) of the Sub-lease).

77. Carbon, environmental or other credits derived from the plantation are the property of the Grower until the end of the Term (clause 9.17 of the Sub-lease).

78. Sub-lease can be terminated if the whole or a substantial part of the plantation is damaged, for example, by fire, such that the plantation is no longer commercially viable. Alternatively, if only part of the plantation is destroyed, the plantable area will be reduced (clause 10 of the Sub-lease).

79. Both the Landholder and the Grower shall be excused from performance of or liability under the Sub-lease if prevented by 'Force Majeure' (clause 12 of the Sub-lease).

Agreement to Sub-lease

80. Where there is no Project Land available for a Grower on or before 30 June 2014, the Grower will be required to enter into an Agreement to Sub-lease with W.A. Blue Gum Limited.

81. Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement to Sub-lease the parties undertake to enter into a Sub-lease of the Land on or before 30 September 2015, which will allow all the Establishment of the plantation by 31 December 2015 in accordance with the Project Management Contract.

Wood Purchase Agreement

82. This agreement is between the Growers, the W.A. Blue Gum Limited, and WA Chip & Pulp Co Pty Ltd as Purchaser.

83. W.A. Blue Gum Limited and the Purchaser will agree on a Harvest Plan not less than six months out from Harvest and delivery. Not less than two months before Harvest the Purchaser will give notice of the Proposed Purchase Price, including Harvest and delivery costs. W.A. Blue Gum Limited may seek alternative pricing from third parties, but the Purchaser retains the right to match the price offered by the third parties.

Pooling of money from the Harvest of timber and Grower's entitlement to a distribution

84. Clause 7 of the Constitution provides that:

- Harvest Income comprising all money received from the Harvest of timber on the plantation allotment (including thinnings) shall be pooled and deposited in a Proceeds Fund (clauses 7.1 and 7.2)
- to the extent that any part of a Grower's plantation allotment is destroyed, it shall not be taken into account in determining the entitlements of the Growers (clause 7.1(a))
- for Growers whose interest in the Project is terminated because of default under the Project Agreement, their income will not form part of Harvest Income (clause 7.1(b)), and
- after deduction of (outstanding) fees payable by Growers under the Project Management Contract, the Sub-lease, and the Wood Purchase Agreement (as set out in the Schedule to the Constitution), Growers shall be presently entitled to the balance of the Harvest Income (clause 7.4).

85. This Product Ruling only applies where the following principles apply to the pooling and distribution arrangements:

- only Growers who have contributed Wood from their leased area to the pool making up the Relevant Harvest Income are entitled to benefit from distributions from those proceeds, and
- Wood is only pooled with the Wood of Growers accepted to participate in the W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014.

Schemes Property Custody Agreement

86. W. A. Blue Gum Limited, as Responsible Entity, has engaged Sandhurst Trustees Limited to act as the Custodian of the Property. The Property includes all Application Money and Harvest Income until disbursed or distributed in accordance with the Constitution and Project Agreements, but does not include property legally vested in a Grower.

Fees

87. Under the terms of the Project Management Contract and the Sub-lease, a Grower will make payments as described below on a per 'forestry interest' basis.

Fees payable under the Project Management Contract

88. The Application Money of \$3,563.64 is to be paid by each Grower on Application for the Establishment of the plantation.

89. Following the Application Year, the following ongoing fees are payable to W.A. Blue Gum Limited:

- an annual tending fee of \$110, indexed, first payable 30 November 2014 and thereafter on 30 September each year, but not payable in any income year ended 30 June for any hectare upon which no trees have been Established
- unforeseen expenses in relation to fertiliser or insect issues, if approved by a meeting of all Growers
- the Growers' proportion of Harvest, Delivery and other expenses arising out of the sale of the Wood to be deducted from the Harvest Income
- fire insurance charged to the Grower at cost plus 10% (no insurance premium payable in respect of any area in which trees have not been Established), and
- a fee calculated as 15% of [(the amount due per hectare to the Grower from the Harvest of the plantation less \$16,363.64 indexed per hectare of plantable area) multiplied by the number of hectares of plantable area].

Fees payable under the Sub-lease

90. Where the Sub-lease commencement date is on or before 30 June 2014, Rent for the period from commencement date to 30 June 2014 will be nil. Rent of \$400 per 'forestry interest' per annum, for the year ending 30 June 2015, will become first payable on 30 November 2014, and then indexed annually and payable 30 September (clause 6 of the Sub-lease).

91. Where the Sub-lease commencement date is after 30 June 2014, rent for the period from commencement date to 30 June 2015 will be nil. Rent of \$400 per 'forestry interest' per annum, for the year ending 30 June 2016, will become first payable on 30 November 2015, and then indexed annually and payable 30 September (clause 6 of the Sub-lease).

Finance

92. To finance all or part of the cost of their 'forestry interest' a Grower can enter into a finance arrangement with Albany Financial Pty Ltd or, alternatively, borrow from an independent lender external to the Project.

93. Only the finance arrangement set out below is covered by this Product Ruling. A Grower cannot rely on this Product Ruling if they enter into a finance arrangement with Albany Financial Pty Ltd that materially differs from that set out in the documentation provided with the application for this Product Ruling. A Grower who enters into a finance arrangement with an independent lender external to the Project may request a private ruling on the deductibility or otherwise of interest incurred under finance arrangements not covered by this Product Ruling.

94. A Grower cannot rely on any part of this Ruling if the Application Monies are not paid in full on or before 30 June 2014 by the Grower or, on the Grower's behalf, by a lending institution.

Finance offered by Albany Financial Pty Ltd

95. Subject to Albany Financial Pty Ltd accepting the Grower's Application, the Grower will be bound by the terms and conditions of the Loan Agreement, which include:

- a Principal Sum of up to 80% of the Application Money
- loan interest payable at the fixed rate of 12.15% per annum
- a loan term of five years
- repayment of principal and interest by equal monthly instalments on the fifteenth day of each month by direct debit, commencing 15 July 2014 and ending 15 June 2019
- if any part of the principal is not repaid when due, additional fixed interest at the rate of 16.4% per annum is due and payable from the date the unpaid part of the principal fee due until the date the same is paid
- by way of security, the Grower assigns all rights title and interest in the Plantation Management Contract, the Sub-lease, and the Wood Purchase Agreement, to Albany Financial Pty Ltd, and
- upon repayment of the principal and interest, the assignment to Albany Financial Pty Ltd of all rights title and interest in the Plantation Management Contract, the Sub-lease, and the Wood Purchase Agreement, shall be void and of no further effect.

Other qualifications relating to finance

96. This Ruling does not apply if the finance arrangement entered into by the Grower includes or has any of the following features:

- there are split loan features of a type referred to in Taxation Ruling TR 98/22 *Income tax: the taxation consequences for taxpayers entering into certain linked or split loan facilities*

- there are indemnity arrangements or other collateral agreements in relation to the loan designed to limit the borrower's risk
- 'additional benefits' are or will be granted to the borrowers for the purpose of section 82KL of the ITAA 1936 or the funding arrangements transform the Project into a 'scheme' to which Part IVA of the ITAA 1936 may apply
- the loan or rate of interest is non-arm's length
- repayments of the principal and payments of interest are linked to the derivation of income from the Project
- the funds borrowed, or any part of them, will not be available for the conduct of the Project but will be transferred (by any mechanism, directly or indirectly) back to the lender or any associate of the lender
- lenders do not have the capacity under the loan agreement, or a genuine intention, to take legal action against defaulting borrowers, or
- entities associated with the Project, other than Albany Financial Pty Ltd, are involved or become involved in the provision of finance to Growers for the Project.

Appendix 1 – Explanation

❶ *This Appendix is provided as information to help you understand how the Commissioner's view has been reached. It does not form part of the binding public ruling.*

Structure of the Project

97. In return for payment of the fee for the Establishment of the plantation and the other fees and expenses required under the Plantation Management Contract, Sub-lease and Wood Purchase Agreement during the term of the Project, Growers will hold a 'forestry interest' in a 'forestry managed investment scheme'. The Project qualifies as a 'forestry managed investment scheme' because its purpose is for 'establishing and tending trees for felling in Australia' (see subsection 394-15(1)).

98. Under the Constitution of the Project and the other supporting agreements, the holding of a 'forestry interest' in the Project gives each Grower a right to a share in the proceeds of the Harvest and share of the proceeds of any thinning of the trees grown on the Project Land. That share of proceeds is determined using the number of 'forestry interests' held by a Grower as a proportion of all 'forestry interests' held by 'participants'⁸ in the Project.

Is the Grower carrying on an Enterprise?

99. An entity may be registered for GST if it is carrying on an 'enterprise' (section 23-10 of the GST Act).

100. The term 'enterprise' is defined in section 9-20 of the GST Act and includes an activity, or series of activities, done in the form of a business (paragraph 9-20(1)(a) of the GST Act). The use of the phrase 'in the form of' has been interpreted to indicate a wider meaning than the word 'business' in isolation.

101. However, subsection 9-20(2) of the GST Act provides that the term 'enterprise' does not include an activity, or series of activities, done by an individual or partnership without a reasonable expectation of profit or gain.

102. Miscellaneous Tax Ruling MT 2006/1 *The New Tax System: the meaning of entity carrying on an enterprise for the purpose of entitlement to an Australian Business Number* (MT 2006/1) sets out the Commissioner's views on when an entity is carrying on an enterprise for the purposes of section 9-20 of the GST Act.

103. ATO Interpretative Decision ATO ID 2010/197 *Goods and Services Tax: GST and agricultural managed investment scheme – Investor carrying on an enterprise* considers a managed investment scheme similar to that which is the subject of this Ruling. This decision applies the principles set out in MT 2006/1 to conclude that the 'Grower' in that scheme was carrying on an enterprise for the purpose of section 9-20 of the GST Act.

⁸ The term 'participant' is defined in subsection 394-15(4).

104. Application of these principles to the arrangement set out in this Ruling leads to the conclusion that a Grower (as described in paragraphs 4 to 7 of this Ruling) will be carrying on an enterprise for the purpose of section 9-20 of the GST Act where there is a reasonable expectation of profit or gain from their participation in the Project.

Is the Grower carrying on a business?

105. The general indicators used by the courts in determining whether an entity is carrying on a business are set out in Taxation Ruling TR 97/11 *Income Tax: am I carrying on a business of primary production?*

106. In relation to a managed investment scheme similar to that which is the subject of this Ruling, the Full Federal Court in *Hance v. FC of T*; *Hannebery v. FC of T* [2008] FCAFC 196; 2008 ATC 20-085; (2008) 74 ATR 644 applied these principles to conclude that 'Growers' in that scheme were carrying on a business of producing almonds (at FCAFC 90; ATC 90).

107. Application of these principles to the arrangement set out above leads to the conclusion that Growers (as described in paragraphs 3 to 7), who stay in the Project until its completion, will be carrying on a business of primary production involving forestry activities.

Allowable deductions

Sections 8-5, 12-5, 394-10 and 394-20

108. Section 8-5 allows certain specific deductions to be claimed against the assessable income of a taxpayer. The list of specific deductions is shown in a table in section 12-5 and includes payments under a 'forestry managed investment scheme' that meet the requirements of subsection 394-10(1).

The '70% DFE rule'

Paragraph 394-10(1)(c) and section 394-35

109. The threshold test for Growers in the Project to be entitled to deductions under subsection 394-10(1) is the '70% DFE rule' in paragraph 394-10(1)(c). Under that rule it must be reasonable to expect that on 30 June 2014, the amount of 'direct forestry expenditure'⁹ under the scheme will be no less than 70% of the amount of payments under the scheme.¹⁰

⁹ See section 394-45.

¹⁰ See subsection 394-35(1) and section 394-40.

110. The amount of 'direct forestry expenditure' under the scheme is the amount of the net present value (on 30 June 2014) of all 'direct forestry expenditure' under the scheme that the Responsible Entity, as the 'forestry manager'¹¹ of the Project, has paid or will pay under the scheme (subsection 394-35(2)).

111. The 'amount of payments under the scheme' is the amount of the net present value (on 30 June 2014) of all amounts (that is, the fees and expenses) that all current and future 'participants' in the scheme have paid or will pay under the scheme (subsection 394-35(3)).

112. The above amounts are determined as at 30 June 2014 taking into account:

- the timing requirements in subsections 394-35(4) and 394-35(5);
- any amounts that can reasonably be expected to be recouped (subsection 394-35(6));
- the discount rate in subsection 394-35(7); and
- the market value rule in subsection 394-35(8) for the purposes of subsection 394-35(2).

113. Based on the information provided by the Responsible Entity of the Project, the Commissioner has determined that the Project will satisfy the '70% DFE rule' on 30 June 2014.

Other requirements of subsection 394-10(1)

114. The requirements of paragraphs 394-10(1)(a) and (b) are met as a Grower will hold a 'forestry interest' in the Project (see paragraph 5 of this Ruling) and will pay an amount under the Project. The requirement of paragraph 394-10(1)(d) is met as it is clear from the Project Agreements that Growers in the Project do not have day to day control over the operation of the Project. The requirement of paragraph 394-10(1)(e) relating to the number of Growers in the scheme and the Responsible Entity's role in other managed investment schemes is also met.

115. All of the trees intended to be Established under the Project must be Established within 18 months of 30 June 2014 (see paragraph 394-10(1)(f) and subsection 394-10(4)). The planting and/or Coppicing timeline provided with the application for this Ruling by the Responsible Entity indicates that all the trees required to be Established under the scheme will be planted and/or Coppiced on the Project Land by 31 December 2015.

116. Accordingly, subject to the qualifications set out below, amounts paid by Growers to the Responsible Entity in relation to their 'forestry interests' satisfy all of the requirements of subsection 394-10(1). The amounts are allowable deductions in the income year in which they are paid (subsection 394-10(2)).

¹¹ Defined in subsection 394-15(2).

117. Amounts that are allowable deductions under Division 394 cannot also be claimed as deductions under section 8-1 (section 8-10).

118. Where a Grower does not fully pay an amount, or the amount is not fully paid on their behalf in an income year (see section 394-20), it is deductible only to the extent to which it has been paid. The unpaid balance is then deductible in the year or years in which it is actually paid. This may occur, for example, if all or part of the amount is borrowed and the financier fails to transfer the funds to the account of the 'forestry manager' on or before 30 June in an income year.

Loss of deductions previously allowed under subsection 394-10(1)

119. Two situations may lead to a loss of deductions previously allowed to Growers under subsection 394-10(1).

120. The first of these situations will occur if the condition in subsection 394-10(4) is not met in relation to the Project. That is, the Responsible Entity fails to Establish all of the trees on the Project Land within 18 months of 30 June 2014. Where this occurs, the Responsible Entity is required to notify the Commissioner within three months of the end of the 18 month period (section 394-10 of Schedule 1 to the TAA).

121. The second situation where a Grower may have deductions disallowed is where a 'CGT event' happens to their 'forestry interest' within four years after 30 June of the income year in which they paid an amount under the scheme, for example, the fee for the Establishment of the plantation (see subsection 394-10(5)).

122. For the purposes of giving effect to subsection 394-10(5), the Commissioner is able to amend the assessment of a Grower within two years after the relevant 'CGT event'. The Commissioner's power to amend in these circumstances applies despite section 170 of the ITAA 1936 (subsection 394-10(6)).

123. Where a 'CGT event' happens to the 'forestry interest' of a Grower within four years after 30 June 2014, the market value of the forestry interest at the time of the 'CGT event' or any decrease in the market value of the 'forestry interest' as a result of the 'CGT event' is still included in the assessable income of the Grower by section 394-25. The amount must be included in assessable income even where an amendment has disallowed or may disallow the deductions previously allowed under section 394-10.

124. However, subsection 394-10(5) will have no application where the 'CGT event' happens because of circumstances outside the Grower's control and the Grower could not reasonably have foreseen the 'CGT event' happening when they acquired the 'forestry interest' (subsection 394-10(5A)).

Interest on loans to finance the 'forestry interest' of a Grower**Section 8-1**

125. Where a Grower borrows money to fund their investment in the Project, the deductibility of the interest incurred on the loan monies falls for consideration under the general deduction provisions of section 8-1. If the interest incurred by the Grower is deductible under the first positive limb in paragraph 8-1(1)(a) there is no requirement to consider whether it is also deductible under the second positive limb in paragraph 8-1(1)(b). Court decisions show that the same basic test applies to both limbs (see *Ronpibon Tin NL v. Federal Commissioner of Taxation* (1949) 78 CLR 47 at 56; (1949) 8 ATD 431 at 435).

126. Under the first positive limb in paragraph 8-1(1)(a), the interest incurred by a Grower will be deductible if it is incurred in gaining or producing a Grower's assessable income and is not excluded by one of the negative limbs in subsection 8-1(2):

The question of whether an outgoing [is] ... incurred in gaining or producing the assessable income is a question of characterisation (*Fletcher & Ors v. Federal Commissioner of Taxation* (1991) 173 CLR 1 at 17; 91 ATC 4950 at 4957; (1991) 22 ATR 613, at 621).

To the extent that ... outgoings of interest ... can properly be characterised as of a kind referred to in the first limb of [section 8-1] they must draw their character from the use of the borrowed funds (*Fletcher*, at CLR 19; ATC 4958; ATR 623).

[T]he characterisation of interest will generally be ascertained by reference to the objective circumstances of the use to which the borrowed funds are put (*Federal Commissioner of Taxation v. Roberts* (1992) 37 FCR 246 at 257; 92 ATC 4380 at 4388; (1992) 23 ATR 494 at 504).

127. Growers in the Project use the borrowed funds to acquire a 'forestry interest' in a 'forestry managed investment scheme'. The holding of that 'forestry interest' will produce assessable income for a Grower in the form of the proceeds of a full or part disposal of the 'forestry interest' or, as a proportionate share of the Harvest proceeds. Therefore, the tests of deductibility of interest under the first limb of subsection 8-1(1) are, therefore, met unless one of the exclusions in subsection 8-1(2) apply.

128. For the purposes of this Project, only the capital exclusion in paragraph 8-1(2)(a) is relevant. The use of borrowed funds to purchase a capital asset, such as a 'forestry interest', does not mean that the interest outgoings are on capital account (see *Steele v. Federal Commissioner of Taxation* (1999) 197 CLR 459 at 470; 99 ATC 4242 at 4249; (1999) 41 ATR 139 at 148).

Interest [is a] periodic payment for the use, but not the permanent acquisition of a capital item. Therefore, a consideration of the often-cited three matters identified by Dixon J in *Sun Newspapers Ltd v. FC of T* ... assigns interest ... to revenue (*Australian National Hotels Ltd v. Federal Commissioner of Taxation* (1988) 19 FCR 234 at 241; 88 ATC 4627 at 4633-4634; (1988) 19 ATR 1575, at 1582).

129. Therefore, the capital exclusion in subsection 8-1(2) does not apply to the interest incurred by a Grower under the loan entered into with Albany Financial Pty Limited as described in paragraphs 94 and 95 of this Ruling and, subject only to the potential application of the prepayment provisions, the interest is deductible in the year in which it is incurred (Note: The meaning of 'incurred' is explained in Taxation Ruling TR 97/7 *Income tax: section 8-1 – meaning of 'incurred' – timing of deductions*).

Prepayment provisions

Sections 82KZL to 82KZMF of the ITAA 1936

130. The prepayment provisions contained in Subdivision H of Division 3 of Part III of the ITAA 1936 affect the timing of deductions for certain prepaid expenditure. These provisions apply to certain expenditure incurred under an agreement in return for the doing of a thing under the agreement that will not be wholly done within the same year of income as the year in which the expenditure is incurred. For schemes such as this Project, the main operative provisions are sections 82KZMD and 82KZMF of the ITAA 1936.

131. However, subsection 394-10(7) specifically provides that sections 82KZMD and 82KZMF of the ITAA 1936 do not affect the timing of amounts deductible under section 394-10.

132. Accordingly, under the scheme to which this Product Ruling applies, only deductions for interest payable under a loan with Albany Financial Pty Ltd will potentially fall within the prepayment provisions. However, the conditions applying to the loans to which this Ruling applies (see paragraphs 92 to 96 above) do not require any prepayment of interest over the term of the loan. Accordingly, the prepayment provisions have no application to Growers who enter into those loans.

133. If a Grower chooses to prepay interest on these loans, that Grower may request a private ruling on how the prepayment provisions will affect the timing of their interest deduction.

Assessable income, 'CGT events' and the 'forestry interests' of Growers who are 'initial participants'

Sections 6-10, 10-5, and 394-25

134. Section 6-10 includes in assessable income amounts that are not 'ordinary income'. These amounts, called 'statutory income', are listed in the table in section 10-5 and include amounts that are included in the assessable income of 'initial participants' of a 'forestry managed investment scheme' by subsection 394-25(2).

Subsection 394-25(2)

135. Where a 'CGT event' (other than for a 'CGT event' that happens in respect of thinning¹²) happens to a 'forestry interest' held by a Grower in this Project, subsection 394-25(2) includes an amount in the assessable income of the Grower if:

- the Grower can deduct or has deducted an amount for an income year under section 394-10 in relation to the 'forestry interest', or
- the condition above would be met if the 4-year holding rule in subsection 394-10(5) were disregarded (subsection 394-25(1)).

Market value rule applies to 'CGT events'

136. The Grower's assessable income for the income year in which the 'CGT event' happens include:

- if, as a result of the 'CGT event', the Grower no longer holds the 'forestry interest', the market value of the 'forestry interest' worked out at the time of the event, or
- otherwise – where the Grower continues to hold the 'forestry interest', but there is a decrease in the market value of the 'forestry interest', the decrease in the market value of the 'forestry interest' as a result of the 'CGT event' (subsection 394-25(2)).

137. A market value rule applies rather than the amount of money actually received because of the 'CGT event' (subsection 394-25(3)). However, the market value and the actual amount of money received may be the same.

138. Section 394-25 will apply where the 'forestry interest' is sold, is extinguished, or ceases, and will include 'CGT events' such as a full or partial sale of the 'forestry interest' or from a full or partial clear-fell Harvest of the trees grown under the Project.

Amounts received by Growers for carbon or other environmental credits, and insurance proceeds***Section 6-5***

139. Carbon and/or other environmental credit amounts and insurance proceeds received by a Grower in this Project do not arise as a result of a 'CGT event' and are not otherwise assessable under Division 394. The receipt of such amounts is a distribution that arises as an incident of the Grower holding a 'forestry interest' in the Project. Each amount is 'ordinary income' and is assessable under section 6-5 in the year in which it is derived.

¹² A thinning under this scheme is not a 'CGT event'.

Deferral of losses from non-commercial business activities and the Commissioner's discretion**Sections 35-10 and 35-55**

140. Based on information provided with the application for this Product Ruling, a Grower accepted into the Project in the year ended 30 June 2014 who carries on a business of forestry individually (alone or in partnership) is expected to incur losses from their participation in the Project which will be subject to Division 35.¹³ These losses will be subject to the loss deferral rule in section 35-10 unless an exception applies or, for each income year in which losses are incurred, the Commissioner exercises the discretion in subsection 35-55(1) on 30 June of that specific income year.

141. The exceptions to the loss deferral rule depend upon the circumstances of individual Growers and are outside the scope of this Ruling.

142. The Commissioner will apply the principles set out in Taxation Ruling TR 2007/6 *Income tax: non commercial business losses: Commissioner's discretion* when exercising the discretion.

143. Where a Grower with income for non-commercial loss (NCL) purposes of less than \$250,000 (that is, the Grower satisfies the income requirement in subsection 35-10(2E)) incurs a loss in an income year from carrying on their business activity in a way that is not materially different to the scheme described in this Product Ruling, and the discretion in paragraph 35-55(1)(b) is exercised for that year, the Commissioner will be satisfied that:

- it is because of its nature that the business activity of the Grower will not satisfy one of the four tests set out in section 35-30, 35-35, 35-40 or 35-45, and
- there is an objective expectation that within a period that is commercially viable for the forestry industry, the Grower's business activity will satisfy one of those tests or produce assessable income for an income year greater than the deductions attributable to it for that year (apart from the operation of subsections 35-10(2) and 35-10(2C)).

144. Where a Grower with income for NCL purposes of \$250,000 or more (that is, the Grower does not satisfy the income requirement in subsection 35-10(2E)) incurs a loss in an income year from carrying on their business activity in a way that is not materially different to the scheme described in this Product Ruling, and the discretion in paragraph 35-55(1)(c) is exercised for that year, the Commissioner will be satisfied that:

- it is because of its nature that the business activity of the Grower will not produce assessable income greater than the deductions attributable to it, and

¹³ Division 35 does not apply to Growers who do not carry on a business or who carry on a business other than as individuals (alone or in partnership).

- there is an objective expectation that within a period that is commercially viable for the forestry industry, the Grower's business activity will produce assessable income for an income year greater than the deductions attributable to it for that year (apart from the operation of subsections 35-10(2) and 35-10(2C).

145. A Grower will satisfy the income requirement in subsection 35-10(2E) where the sum of the following amounts is less than \$250,000:

- taxable income for that year (ignoring any loss arising from participation in the Project or any other business activity)
- 'reportable fringe benefits total' for that year
- 'reportable superannuation contributions' for that year, and
- 'total net investment losses' for that year.

146. In each individual year where the Commissioner's discretion is exercised, a Grower within either paragraph 136 or 137 of this Ruling, who would otherwise be required to defer a loss arising from their participation in the Project under section 35-10 until a later income year, is able to offset that loss against their other assessable income.

Recouped expenditure

Section 82KL of the ITAA 1936

147. The operation of section 82KL of the ITAA 1936 depends, among other things, on the identification of a certain quantum of 'additional benefit(s)'. Insufficient 'additional benefits' will be provided to trigger the application of section 82KL of the ITAA 1936. Section 82KL of the ITAA 1936 will not apply to deny the deduction otherwise allowable to a Grower.

General anti avoidance provisions

Part IVA of the ITAA 1936

148. For Part IVA of the ITAA 1936 to apply, there must be a 'scheme' (subsection 177A(1) of the ITAA 1936), a 'tax benefit' (section 177C of the ITAA 1936) and a dominant purpose of entering into the scheme to obtain a tax benefit (subsection 177D(1) of the ITAA 1936).

149. The W.A. Blue Gum Project 2014 will be a 'scheme' and a Grower will obtain a 'tax benefit' from entering into the 'scheme', in the form of tax deductions for the amounts detailed at paragraphs 26 to 30 that would not have been obtained but for the scheme. However, it is not possible to conclude the scheme will be entered into or carried out with the dominant purpose of obtaining this tax benefit.

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150. Growers to whom this Ruling applies will derive assessable income from holding or disposing of their 'forestry interest' in the Project. There are no facts that would suggest that Growers have the opportunity of obtaining a tax advantage other than the tax advantages identified in this Ruling. There is no non-recourse financing or round robin characteristics, and no indication that the parties are not dealing at arm's length or, if any parties are not dealing at arm's length, that any adverse tax consequences result. Further, having regard to the factors to be considered under subsection 177D(2) of the ITAA 1936, it cannot be concluded, on the information available, that Growers will enter into the scheme for the dominant purpose of obtaining a tax benefit.

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NO:	1-5CQ7OJX
ISSN:	1441-1172
ATOLaw topic:	Income Tax ~~ Product ~~ timber

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