



Taxation Determination

Income tax: what are the reasonable travel and overtime meal allowance expense amounts for the 2011-12 income year?

❶ This publication provides you with the following level of protection:

This publication (excluding appendixes) is a public ruling for the purposes of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953*.

A public ruling is an expression of the Commissioner's opinion about the way in which a relevant provision applies, or would apply, to entities generally or to a class of entities in relation to a particular scheme or a class of schemes.

If you rely on this ruling, the Commissioner must apply the law to you in the way set out in the ruling (unless the Commissioner is satisfied that the ruling is incorrect and disadvantages you, in which case the law may be applied to you in a way that is more favourable for you – provided the Commissioner is not prevented from doing so by a time limit imposed by the law). You will be protected from having to pay any underpaid tax, penalty or interest in respect of the matters covered by this ruling if it turns out that it does not correctly state how the relevant provision applies to you.

Ruling

1. This Determination sets out the amounts that the Commissioner considers are reasonable (**reasonable amounts**) for the substantiation exception in Subdivision 900-B of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* (ITAA 1997) for the 2011-12 income year in relation to claims made for:

- (a) overtime meal allowance expenses – for food and drink in connection with overtime worked and where a meal allowance has been paid under an industrial instrument;
- (b) domestic travel allowance expenses – accommodation, food and drink, and incidentals that are covered by the allowance;
- (c) travel allowance expenses for employee truck drivers – food, drink and incidentals that are covered by the allowance; and
- (d) overseas travel allowance expenses – food, drink and incidentals that are covered by the allowance.

Taxation Ruling TR 2004/6

2. This Determination should be read together with Taxation Ruling TR 2004/6 *Income tax: substantiation exception for reasonable travel and overtime meal allowance expenses* which explains the substantiation exception and the way in which these expenses are able to be claimed. It is important to remember that when 'setting the reasonable amount ... the Commissioner does **not** determine the amount of allowance an **employee** should receive or an employer should pay their employees. The amount of an allowance is a matter to be determined between the payer and the payee'. (Refer to paragraph 33 of TR 2004/6.)

3. Key points from TR 2004/6 about claiming travel allowance expenses and overtime meal allowance expenses are:

- *Claim must be allowable* – A deduction claim cannot exceed the amount actually incurred for work-related purposes. The payment of an allowance does not of itself allow a deduction to be claimed.
- *Allowance must be paid* – The substantiation exception only applies if the employee is paid an overtime meal allowance or a travel allowance. The allowance must have an identifiable connection with the nature of the expense covered.
- *For travel allowance expenses* – The employee must sleep away from home.
- *Substantiation exception* – Where the amount claimed is no more than the applicable reasonable amount, substantiation of the claim with written evidence is not required.
- *Claims in excess of reasonable amounts* – If the amount claimed is more than the reasonable amount, the whole claim must be substantiated, not just the excess.
- *Verification of reasonable claims* – In appropriate cases, where the substantiation exception is relied on, the employee may still be required to show:
 - how they worked out their claim;
 - an entitlement to a deduction (for example that work-related travel was undertaken);
 - a bona fide travel allowance was paid; and
 - if accommodation is claimed, that commercial accommodation was used.

The nature and degree of evidence will depend on the circumstances: for example the circumstances under which the employer pays allowances, the occupation of the employee, and the total amount of allowances received and claimed during the year by the employee.

- *Tax return treatment* – Where a travel or overtime meal allowance which does not exceed the reasonable amounts is not shown on the payment summary, and it has been fully spent on deductible expenses, neither the allowances nor the expenses need be shown on the employee's tax return. If an amount less than the allowance has been spent, the income tax return must include the allowance and the expense claimed. Whenever a claim is made for overtime meal or travel allowance expenses the allowance must also be included in the tax return.

Reasonable amount for overtime meal allowance expenses

4. For overtime meal expenses to be considered under the exception from substantiation, the meal allowance must be a bona fide meal allowance (refer to paragraph 87 of TR 2004/6) paid or payable under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory, or an award, order, determination or industrial agreement in force under such a law (section 900-60 of the ITAA 1997).
5. For the 2011-12 income year the reasonable amount for overtime meal allowance expenses is \$26.45

Reasonable amounts for domestic travel allowance expenses

Types of expenses

6. This Determination shows reasonable amounts for travel allowance expenses. The reasonable amounts are given for:
 - accommodation at daily rates (for domestic travel only);
 - meals (showing breakfast, lunch and dinner); and
 - deductible expenses incidental to travel.

Travel destinations

7. These amounts are shown for the following travel destination:
 - each Australian State and Territory capital city;
 - certain specified high cost regional and country centres (at individual rates);
 - other specified regional and country centres (at a common rate);
 - all other regional and country centres (at a common rate); and
 - specified overseas locations (selected countries).

Type of accommodation

8. The accommodation rates shown for domestic travel apply only for stays in commercial establishments like hotels, motels and serviced apartments. If a different type of accommodation is used the rates do not apply.

Meal expenses

9. The reasonable amount for meals depends on the period and time of travel. That is, the rates only apply to meals (that is breakfast, lunch, dinner) that fall within the time of day from the commencement of travel to the end of travel covered by the allowance.

Incidental expenses

10. The reasonable amount applies in full to each day of travel covered by the allowance, without the need to apportion for any part-day travel on the first and last day.

Reasonable amount for 2011-12

11. The reasonable amounts for daily travel allowance expenses, according to salary levels and destinations, for the 2011-12 income year are shown in Tables 1 to 6 as follows.

Table 1: Employee's annual salary – \$100,840 or below				
Place	Accomm. \$	Food and drink \$ B'fast 23.65 Lunch 26.55 Dinner 45.60	Incidentals \$	Total \$
Adelaide	157	95.80	17.30	270.10
Brisbane	201	95.80	17.30	314.10
Canberra	165	95.80	17.30	278.10
Darwin	189	95.80	17.30	302.10
Hobart	125	95.80	17.30	238.10
Melbourne	173	95.80	17.30	286.10
Perth	176	95.80	17.30	289.10
Sydney	183	95.80	17.30	296.10
High cost country centres	See Table 4	95.80	17.30	Variable – see Table 4
Tier 2 country centres (see Table 5)	120	B'fast 21.15 Lunch 24.20 Dinner 41.65	17.30	224.30
Other country centres	100	B'fast 21.15 Lunch 24.20 Dinner 41.65	17.30	204.30

Table 2: Employee's annual salary – \$100,841 – \$179,350

Place	Accomm. \$	Food and drink \$ B'fast 25.70 Lunch 36.40 Dinner 51.00	Incidentals \$	Total \$
Adelaide	185	113.10	24.70	322.80
Brisbane	233	113.10	24.70	370.80
Canberra	208	113.10	24.70	345.80
Darwin	229	113.10	24.70	366.80
Hobart	167	113.10	24.70	304.80
Melbourne	216	113.10	24.70	353.80
Perth	226	113.10	24.70	363.80
Sydney	225	113.10	24.70	362.80
High cost country centres	See Table 4	113.10	24.70	Variable – see Table 4
Tier 2 country centres (see Table 5)	144	B'fast 23.65 Lunch 24.20 Dinner 47.10	24.70	263.65
Other country centres	120	B'fast 23.65 Lunch 24.20 Dinner 47.10	24.70	239.65

Table 3: Employee's annual salary – \$179,351 and above

Place	Accomm. \$	Food and drink \$ B'fast 30.30 Lunch 42.95 Dinner 60.20	Incidentals \$	Total \$
Adelaide	209	133.45	24.70	367.15
Brisbane	236	133.45	24.70	394.15
Canberra	230	133.45	24.70	388.15
Darwin	278	133.45	24.70	436.15
Hobart	195	133.45	24.70	353.15
Melbourne	265	133.45	24.70	423.15
Perth	275	133.45	24.70	433.15
Sydney	265	133.45	24.70	423.15
Country centres	\$190, or the relevant amount in Table 4 if higher	133.45	24.70	Variable – see Table 4 if applicable

Table 4: High cost country centres – accommodation expenses

Country centre	\$	Country centre	\$
Ballarat (VIC)	127.00	Kalgoorlie (WA)	169.50
Bendigo (VIC)	122.00	Karratha (WA)	285.00
Broome (WA)	222.50	Katherine (NT)	120.50
Bunbury (WA)	129.00	Kununurra (WA)	182.00
Burnie (TAS)	125.00	Launceston (TAS)	126.50
Cairns (QLD)	127.00	Mackay (QLD)	153.00
Carnarvon (WA)	151.00	Maitland (NSW)	131.50
Christmas Island (WA)	150.00	Mount Isa (QLD)	158.50
Dalby (QLD)	133.50	Newcastle (NSW)	142.50
Dampier (WA)	174.50	Newman (WA)	195.00
Derby (WA)	181.50	Norfolk Island	189.50
Devonport (TAS)	128.50	Port Hedland (WA)	270.00
Echuca (VIC)	122.50	Port Pirie (SA)	135.00
Exmouth (WA)	194.00	Thursday Island (QLD)	180.00
Geelong (VIC)	131.00	Townsville (QLD)	134.50
Geraldton (WA)	146.00	Weipa (QLD)	138.00
Gladstone (QLD)	138.50	Wilpena-Pound (SA)	144.00
Gold Coast (QLD)	170.00	Wollongong (NSW)	128.00
Halls Creek (WA)	195.00	Wonthaggi (VIC)	122.00
Horn Island (QLD)	169.00	Yulara (NT)	340.00
Jabiru (NT)	198.00		

Table 5: Tier 2 country centres

Country centre	Country centre
Albany (WA)	Kingaroy (QLD)
Alice Springs (NT)	Mildura (VIC)
Ararat (VIC)	Mount Gambier (SA)
Armidale (NSW)	Mudgee (NSW)
Bairnsdale (VIC)	Muswellbrook (NSW)
Bathurst (NSW)	Naracoorte (SA)
Bordertown (SA)	Orange (NSW)
Bright (VIC)	Port Augusta (SA)
Broken Hill (NSW)	Portland (VIC)
Bundaberg (QLD)	Port Lincoln (SA)
Castlemaine (VIC)	Port Macquarie (NSW)

Table 5: Tier 2 country centres	
Country centre	Country centre
Ceduna (SA)	Queanbeyan (NSW)
Cocos (Keeling) Islands	Renmark (SA)
Coffs Harbour (NSW)	Rockhampton (QLD)
Cooma (NSW)	Roma (QLD)
Dubbo (NSW)	Seymour (VIC)
Emerald (QLD)	Swan Hill (VIC)
Esperance (WA)	Tamworth (NSW)
Gosford (NSW)	Tennant Creek (NT)
Goulburn (NSW)	Toowoomba (QLD)
Hamilton (VIC)	Tumut (NSW)
Hervey Bay (QLD)	Wagga Wagga (NSW)
Horsham (VIC)	Warrnambool (VIC)
Innisfail (QLD)	Whyalla (SA)
Kadina (SA)	

Reasonable travel allowance expense claims for employee truck drivers

12. Amounts claimed up to the food and drink component **only** of the reasonable domestic daily travel allowance amounts for 'other country centres' are considered to be reasonable for meal expenses of **employee** truck drivers who have received a travel allowance and who are required to **sleep away from home**. For the 2011-12 income year, the relevant amounts are:

Table 6: Employee truck drivers¹			
Salary range	Food and drink		
\$100,840 and below	B'fast	Lunch	Dinner
	\$21.15	\$24.20	\$41.65
	\$87.00 per day		
\$100,841 and above	B'fast	Lunch	Dinner
	\$23.65	\$24.20	\$47.10
	\$94.95 per day		

Office holders covered by the Remuneration Tribunal

13. Daily domestic travel allowance expense claims made by office holders covered by the Remuneration Tribunal are considered to be reasonable amounts if they do not exceed the rate of allowances set by the Remuneration Tribunal for that office holder.

¹ For further information on truck drivers refer to paragraphs 72 to 75 of Taxation Ruling TR 2004/6 and Taxation Ruling TR 95/18.

Federal Members of Parliament

14. The travel allowances paid to Federal Members of Parliament and Federal Parliamentary Secretaries, under the arrangements that commenced on 14 April 1998, are considered reasonable amounts for the recipients of those allowances. This includes the Capital City and Canberra travel allowance rates for domestic travel, having regard to the circumstances under which those allowances are paid.

Reasonable amounts for overseas travel allowance expenses

15. The reasonable amounts for overseas travel expenses are shown in Schedule 1 to this Determination. Table 1 of Schedule 1 sets out the cost group to which a country has been allocated. Table 2 of Schedule 1 sets out the reasonable amount for meal expenses and incidental travel expenses for each cost group for specified employee salary ranges.

16. If the **employee** travels to a country that is not shown in Table 1 of Schedule 1 the employee can use the reasonable amount for Cost Group 1 in Table 2 for the relevant salary range.

17. Employees travelling to two or more countries in the same day may use the Cost Group of the country that is in the higher cost group in determining their reasonable allowances amount.

Example – calculation of reasonable daily overseas travel expense amounts

18. *An employee travels to Germany on business for two weeks and is paid a travel allowance of \$350 per day (\$150 for meals and incidentals and \$200 for accommodation). The employee's annual salary is \$91,000. The reasonable daily overseas travel allowance expense claim is calculated as follows:*

- *Schedule 1 Table 1 lists Germany as Cost Group 5.*
- *Using Table 2, at a salary of \$91,000 per year, the reasonable overseas travel allowance amount for meals and incidental expenses for Cost Group 5 (which covers Germany) is \$215.*

19. *The employee claims a deduction for meals and incidental expenses actually incurred of \$180 per day. As the employee is claiming a deduction that is less than the reasonable amount of \$215 per day, the employee does not need to keep written evidence to substantiate expenditure on meals and incidental expenses. The employee is required, however, to maintain a travel record and to keep receipts or other documentary evidence to substantiate accommodation expenses.*

Date of effect

20. This Determination applies to the 2011-12 income year only. However, the Determination will not apply to taxpayers to the extent that it conflicts with the terms of settlement of a dispute agreed to before the date of issue of the Determination (refer to paragraphs 75 and 76 of Taxation Ruling TR 2006/10).

Appendix 1

SCHEDULE 1

Table 1: Table of Countries

If a country is not listed in Table 1 use the reasonable amount in Table 2 for Cost Group 1.

For an explanation of Cost Groups see Table 2: Reasonable amounts by cost groups.

Country	Cost Group	Country	Cost Group
Albania	2	Estonia	3
Algeria	4	Ethiopia	1
Angola	6	Fiji	2
Antigua and Barbuda	3	Finland	5
Argentina	2	France	5
Austria	5	Gabon	5
Azerbaijan	4	Gambia	2
Bahamas	5	Georgia	2
Bahrain	3	Germany	5
Bangladesh	2	Ghana	3
Barbados	5	Gibraltar	3
Belgium	5	Greece	4
Bermuda	5	Guatemala	2
Bolivia	1	Guyana	2
Bosnia	2	Hungary	3
Brazil	5	Iceland	5
Brunei	2	India	3
Bulgaria	3	Indonesia	3
Burkina Faso	3	Iran	2
Cambodia	2	Irish Republic	5
Cameroon	4	Israel	5
Canada	4	Italy	5
Chile	2	Jamaica	3
China (includes Macau & Hong Kong)	4	Japan	5
Colombia	3	Jordan	4
Congo Democratic Republic	3	Kazakhstan	3
Cook Islands	4	Kenya	3
Costa Rica	2	Korea Republic	5
Cote D'Ivoire	5	Kuwait	4
Croatia	4	Laos	2
Cuba	2	Latvia	4
Cyprus	4	Lebanon	3
Czech Republic	4	Libya	3
Denmark	6	Lithuania	3
Dominican Republic	3	Luxembourg	5
East Timor	2	Macedonia	2
Ecuador	2	Malawi	2
Egypt	2	Malaysia	3
El Salvador	2	Mali	4
Eritrea	1	Malta	4

Country	Cost Group	Country	Cost Group
Mauritius	3	Senegal	3
Mexico	2	Serbia	2
Monaco	6	Sierra Leone	2
Morocco	3	Singapore	5
Mozambique	2	Slovakia	4
Myanmar	4	Slovenia	3
Namibia	3	Solomon Islands	2
Nepal	2	South Africa	2
Netherlands	5	Spain	4
New Caledonia	5	Sri Lanka	2
New Zealand	4	Sudan	2
Nicaragua	1	Surinam	2
Nigeria	4	Sweden	5
Norway	6	Switzerland	6
Oman	5	Syria	3
Pakistan	1	Taiwan	3
Panama	2	Tanzania	2
Papua New Guinea	4	Thailand	3
Paraguay	1	Tonga	3
Peru	3	Trinidad and Tobago	4
Philippines	3	Tunisia	2
Poland	4	Turkey	4
Portugal	4	Uganda	2
Puerto Rico	3	Ukraine	3
Qatar	4	United Arab Emirates	4
Romania	3	United Kingdom	5
Russia	5	United States of America	4
Rwanda	2	Uruguay	2
Saint Lucia	3	Vanuatu	4
Saint Vincent	2	Venezuela	5
Samoa	3	Vietnam	2
Saudi Arabia	2	Zambia	3

Table 2: Reasonable amounts by cost groups

Cost Group	Salary \$100,840 and below			Salary \$100,841 to \$179,350			Salary \$179,351 and above		
	Meals	Incidentals	Total	Meals	Incidentals	Total	Meals	Incidentals	Total
1	\$55	\$25	\$80	\$75	\$25	\$100	\$95	\$30	\$125
2	\$80	\$30	\$110	\$110	\$35	\$145	\$140	\$40	\$180
3	\$110	\$35	\$145	\$135	\$40	\$175	\$170	\$45	\$215
4	\$130	\$35	\$165	\$170	\$45	\$215	\$205	\$50	\$255
5	\$175	\$40	\$215	\$230	\$50	\$280	\$285	\$60	\$345
6	\$215	\$45	\$260	\$270	\$50	\$320	\$320	\$60	\$380

Note: these amounts are determined by the Commissioner solely as the amounts that will be accepted for the exception from the requirement to obtain written evidence for substantiation purposes (refer to paragraph 33 of Taxation Ruling TR 2004/6).

References

Previous draft:

Not previously issued as a draft

Related Rulings/Determinations:

TR 95/18; TR 2004/6; TR 2006/10

Previous Rulings/Determinations:

TD 2004/19; TD 2005/32; TD 2006/43;
TD 2007/21; TD 2008/18; TD 2009/15;
TD 2010/19

Subject references:

- accommodation expenses
- domestic travel expenses
- meal and food expenses
- incidental expenses
- overseas travel expenses
- travel expenses

Legislative references:

- ITAA 1997 Subdiv 900-B
 - ITAA 1997 900-60
 - TAA 1953
-

ATO references

NO: 1-30EDOYY

ISSN: 1038-8982

ATOLaw topic: Income Tax ~~ Deductions ~~ accommodation and meal expenses
Income Tax ~~ Deductions ~~ travel expenses