TD 92/D220 - Income tax: if: an assessment has been raised on the basis that a taxpayer has not adopted arm's length principles in setting prices in international transactions; and the assessment results in an increase in tax payable; and the taxpayer objects and refers his objection to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal or Federal Court; and cannot demonstrate that payment of the full amount would cause financial hardship; what are the guidelines for granting an extension of time for payment?

This cover sheet is provided for information only. It does not form part of *TD 92/D220 - Income tax: if: an assessment has been raised on the basis that a taxpayer has not adopted arm's length principles in setting prices in international transactions; and the assessment results in an increase in tax payable; and the taxpayer objects and refers his objection to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal or Federal Court; and cannot demonstrate that payment of the full amount would cause financial hardship; what are the guidelines for granting an extension of time for payment?*

This document has been Withdrawn.

There is a Withdrawal notice for this document.

Taxation Determination TD 92/D220

FOI Status: draft only - for comment

Page 1 of 1

Draft Taxation Determinations (TDs) represent the preliminary, though considered, views of the ATO. Draft TDs may not be relied on; only final TDs are authoritative statements of the ATO.

Draft Taxation Determination

Income tax: if:

*an assessment has been raised on the basis that a taxpayer has not adopted arm's length principles in setting prices in international transactions; and

*the assessment results in an increase in tax payable; and

*the taxpayer objects and refers his objection to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal or Federal Court; and

*cannot demonstrate that payment of the full amount would cause financial hardship;

what are the guidelines for granting an extension of time for payment?

- 1. In providing these guidelines, there is no intention of laying down any conditions to restrict officers in exercising the discretion under section 206 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act* 1936 to grant an extension of time for payment. Each case must be decided on its merits.
- 2. An extension of time will generally be granted if:
 - (a) there is a genuine dispute and/or the objection raises arguable questions of fact and/or law; and
 - (b) payment is made of 50% of the amount in dispute together with the full amount not in dispute; and
 - (c) the taxpayer agrees to take all reasonable steps to prosecute the appeal.
- 3. These guidelines apply even when Mutual Agreement Procedures (contained in Australia's International Agreements) apply.

Commissioner of Taxation

26/11/92

FOI INDEX DETAIL: Reference No.

Related Determinations: Related Rulings: IT 2569

Subject Ref: extension of time to pay; arm's length principle; international transactions; Mutual Agreement Procedures;

transfer pricing dispute

Legislative Ref: ITAA 206 Case Ref: ATO Ref: UMG Aud/ Lg Corp

ISSN 1038 - 8982