# TD 2018/2 - Fringe benefits tax: what is the benchmark interest rate to be used for the fringe benefits tax year commencing on 1 April 2018?

This cover sheet is provided for information only. It does not form part of *TD 2018/2 - Fringe benefits tax: what is the benchmark interest rate to be used for the fringe benefits tax year commencing on 1 April 2018?* 

Uhis document has changed over time. This is a consolidated version of the ruling which was published on 28 March 2018



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### **Taxation Determination**

## Fringe benefits tax: what is the benchmark interest rate to be used for the fringe benefits tax year commencing on 1 April 2018?

#### This publication provides you with the following level of protection:

This publication (excluding appendixes) is a public ruling for the purposes of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953*.

A public ruling is an expression of the Commissioner's opinion about the way in which a relevant provision applies, or would apply, to entities generally or to a class of entities in relation to a particular scheme or a class of schemes.

If you rely on this ruling, the Commissioner must apply the law to you in the way set out in the ruling (unless the Commissioner is satisfied that the ruling is incorrect and disadvantages you, in which case the law may be applied to you in a way that is more favourable for you – provided the Commissioner is not prevented from doing so by a time limit imposed by the law). You will be protected from having to pay any underpaid tax, penalty or interest in respect of the matters covered by this ruling if it turns out that it does not correctly state how the relevant provision applies to you.

#### Ruling

- 1. The benchmark interest rate for the fringe benefits tax (FBT) year commencing on 1 April 2018 is 5.20% per annum. This rate replaces the rate of 5.25% that has applied for the previous FBT year commencing on 1 April 2017.
- 2. The rate of 5.20% is used to calculate the taxable value of:
  - a fringe benefit provided by way of a loan, and
  - a car fringe benefit where an employer chooses to value the benefit using the operating cost method.

#### Example

3. On 1 April 2018 an employer lends an employee \$50,000 for five years at an interest rate of 5% per annum. Interest is charged and paid 6 monthly and no principal is repaid until the end of the loan. The actual interest payable by the employee for the current year is  $$2,500 ($50,000 \times 5\%)$ . The notional interest, with a 5.20% benchmark rate, is \$2,600. The taxable value is \$100 (\$2,600 - \$2,500).

**Note:** FBT does not apply to a loan in relation to a shareholder in a private company, or an associate of such a shareholder, that causes (or will cause), the private company to be taken under Division 7A of Part III of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* to pay the shareholder or associate a dividend.

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#### **Date of effect**

4. This Determination applies to the FBT year commencing on 1 April 2018.

**Commissioner of Taxation** 

28 March 2018

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#### References

Previous draft: Legislative references:

Not previously issued as a draft - ITAA 1936

- ITAA 1936 Pt III Div 7A

Previous Rulings/Determinations: - TAA 1953

TD 2013/8; TD 2014/5; TD 2015/8

TD 2016/5; TD 2017/3

ATO references

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ATOlaw topic: Fringe benefits tax ~~ Loan benefits ~~ Other

Fringe benefits tax ~~ Records, calculation and administration ~~ Liability to tax Fringe benefits tax ~~ Car benefits ~~ Taxable value ~~ Car operating cost

method

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