LCTD 2017/1 - Luxury car tax: what is the luxury car tax threshold and the fuel-efficient car limit for 2017-18 financial year?

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LCTD 2017/1

Page status: **legally binding** Page 1 of 3

Luxury Car Tax Determination

Luxury car tax: what is the luxury car tax threshold and the fuel-efficient car limit for 2017-18 financial year?

Preamble

This publication provides you with the following level of protection:

This publication (excluding appendixes) is a public ruling for the purposes of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953.*

A public ruling is an expression of the Commissioner's opinion about the way in which a relevant provision applies, or would apply, to entities generally or to a class of entities in relation to a particular scheme or a class of schemes.

If you rely on this ruling, the Commissioner must apply the law to you in the way set out in the ruling (unless the Commissioner is satisfied that the ruling is incorrect and disadvantages you, in which case the law may be applied to you in a way that is more favourable for you – provided the Commissioner is not prevented from doing so by a time limit imposed by the law). You will be protected from having to pay any underpaid tax, penalty or interest in respect of the matters covered by this ruling if it turns out that it does not correctly state how the relevant provision applies to you.

Ruling

- 1. The luxury car tax (LCT) threshold and the fuel-efficient car limit are determined in accordance with Division 25 of the *A New Tax System (Luxury Car Tax) Act 1999* (LCT Act).
- 2. The luxury car tax threshold for the 2017-18 financial year is \$65,094.
- 3. The fuel-efficient car limit for the 2017-18 financial year is \$75,526.

Luxury car tax threshold

- 4. The LCT threshold is indexed annually according to a factor to be determined by Parliament or, if such a factor is not determined by Parliament, indexed annually in accordance with movements in the All Groups Consumer Price Index (All Groups CPI).¹
- 5. Parliament has not determined an indexation factor, so for the 2017-18 financial year the LCT threshold will be indexed in accordance with movements in the All Groups CPI unless the indexation factor is 1 or less.²
- 6. The indexation factor for the 2017-18 financial year is the sum of the index numbers for 2016-17, divided by the sum of the index numbers for 2015-16. Therefore, the

¹ Refer subsection 25-1(3A) of the LCT Act. This limit is indexed annually in accordance with the CPI indexation method provided by Subdivision 960-M of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* (ITAA 1997).

² Subsection 960-270(2) of the ITAA 1997.

LCTD 2017/1

Page 2 of 3 Page status: legally binding

All Group CPI indexation factor (rounded to three decimal places) for the 2017-18 financial year³ is:

$$(438.5 / 432.1) = 1.015$$

- 7. The All Group CPI indexation factor for 2017-18 financial year is greater than 1 and therefore the luxury car tax threshold will be indexed.
- 8. The luxury car tax threshold for the 2017-18 financial year is:

$$$64,132 \times 1.015 = $65,094$$

Fuel-efficient car limit

- 9. The fuel-efficient car limit is indexed annually in line with movements in the motor vehicle purchase sub-group of the CPI,⁴ unless the indexation factor is 1 or less.⁵
- 10. The indexation factor for the 2017-18 financial year is the sum of the index numbers for 2016-17, divided by the sum of the index numbers for 2015-16. Therefore, the motor vehicle CPI indexation factor (rounded to three decimal places) for the 2017-18 financial year⁶ is:

$$(376.7 / 382.7) = 0.984$$

- 11. As the motor vehicle CPI indexation factor for the 2017-18 financial year is less than 1 the fuel-efficient car limit will not be indexed.
- 12. The fuel-efficient car limit for the 2017-18 financial year remains at \$75,526.

Date of effect

13. The Determination applies to the financial year commencing 1 July 2017.

Commissioner of Taxation

31 May 2017

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³ Motor vehicle purchase sub-group of the CPI (sourced from ABS Catalogue 6401.0 – Consumer Price Index, Australia, April 2017, Table 09)

⁴ Refer subsection 25-1(5) of the LCT Act. This limit is indexed annually in accordance with the CPI indexation method provided by Subdivision 960-M of the ITAA 1997.

⁵ Subsection 960-270(2) of the ITAA 1997.

⁶ Motor vehicle purchase sub-group of the CPI (sourced from ABS Catalogue 6401.0 – Consumer Price Index, Australia, April 2017, Table 09).

LCTD 2017/1

Page status: not legally binding Page 3 of 3

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Previous draft: Legislative references:

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ANTS(LCT)A 1999 Div 25 Previous Rulings/Determinations: ANTS(LCT)A 1999 25-1(3A) ANTS(LCT)A 1999 25-1(5)

LCTD 2012/1; LCTD 2013/1; LTCD 2014/2;

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